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THE LIMA NEWS.

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82

Men Missing

The Delagoa Cable Broken and the

Telegraph Lines are Monopolized by Government.

Queen Victoria Expresses Sincere Sympathy for General White.

The Government Officials are Not Inclined to Criticize Him, but the Public Does.

Special to The Lima Daily News:

London, Nov. 2.—The list of casualties today is 82 men missing, commissioned officers and men from the Dublin Fusiliers, indicating that as many were captured as hussars. No information has yet been received confirming the British victory at Hobart. The condition is unchanged.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The breakdown of the Delagoa cable route, combined with the monopolization of the available telegraph lines by the government and British staff officers, is responsible for the fact that nothing further has arrived from South Africa. The government has received dispatches rectifying the casualty lists These will be published Wednesday. Up to midnight nothing has been received concerning Monday's casualties. The war office officials are working under great strain. Capt. Perriot, staff captain to the military secretary, has just died, his end being hastened by anxiety and overwork.

An unconfirmed statment is published that Gen. Sir Redvers Buller has left Cape Town for Ladysmith.

A belated dispatch from Ladysmith describing Monday's fight says, "A couple of squadrons of Hussars had a narrow escape from disaster early in the day. They found themselves suddenly confronted, within easy range, by an overwhelming force of Boers, who seemed to spring from the bowels of the earth. The Hussars were splendidly handled, and were extricated, with only one man wounded."

The queen is credited with expressing sincere pity for Sir George Stewart White, and the officials are in nowise inclined to judge him harshly. So far as the public is concerned, however, while gratification is felt at the manner in which the isolated battalions surrendered, there is still severe criticism for Gen. White and Lieut. Col. Carleton for allowing the column to get out of touch, for the absence of proper scouting and for not retiring when the ammunition was lost. In favor of Lieut. Col. Carleton, the explanation is hazarded that he believed it was imperative to the success of Gen. White's operations that he should hold the position at Nicholson's Nek.

The war office Wednesday issued the following additional list of 58 casualties sustained by Gen. Yule's force from the time of the battle of Glencoe until it joined the force of Sir George White:

Kings Rifles, 4 killed, 13 wounded.

Leicestershire regiment, 1 wounded, 9 missing.

Artillery, 1 killed, 1 wounded, 2 missing.

Mounted infantry, 27 missing.

The last mentioned were attached to the squadron of the 18th Hussars that was entrapped by the Boers after the battle of Glencoe. They were undoubtedly captured with the Hussars.

GEN. WOOD'S REPORT.

He Recommends a Large Reduction in the United States Troops in the Santiago Department, Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The war department Wednesday made public the report of Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the department of Santiago, Cuba, which is in addition to what has already been made public from this office.

Gen. Wood gives an interesting account of the sanitary reforms put in force and the good effect in reducing the extent of yellow fever, smallpox and other disease. In discussing present conditions he says: "I believe that the best and most trustworthy element of the population is entirely friendly and in thorough accord with the military authorities. The only element causing friction is the unscrupulous political element, composed of certain unprincipled agitators."

In view of this friendly atitude of the population Gen. Wood reccommends a large reduction in the United States troops in the Santiago department, His recommendation in this respect is as follows:

"The people being extremely friendly and quiet, the garrison may safely be reduced to the lowest point consistent with efficiency. This, I think, will be accomplished by having in the province two squadrons of cavalry and two battalions of infantry. In other words, I recommend the withdrawal in the near future of one squadron of the 10th United States cavalry and one battalion of the 5th United States infantry, these to be sent to the United States as home or depot battalions of the regiments serving in this department."

Gen. Wood urges that the younger officers be chosen for subordinate commands in Cuba.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

There Was a Decrease During the Month of October of $2,276,199—Total Debt $1,146,629,581.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt issued Wednesday shows that at the close of business October 31, 1899, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,145,629,581, a decrease during the month of $2,276,199. This decrease is accounted for by the increase in the amount of cash on hand and the increased redemption of national bank notes. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt, $1,046,049,020; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,210,030; debt bearing no interest, $388,762,071; total, $1,436,021,121.

This amount, however, does not include $656,664,993 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold, $379,817,315; silver, $496,499,278; paper, $94,882,082; bonds, deposits in national bank depositaries, disbursing officers' balance, etc., $53,957,222. Total, $1,025,155,849; against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to $735,764,309, which leaves a net cash balance in the treasury of $289,391,540.

On Trial for Triple Murder.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 2.—Levi Moore, a fishmonger in the city market, who last May shot and killed Jennie Campbell, Ella Landis and Anna Mish, was placed on trial in the criminal court here Wednesday. Moore killed the Campbell woman because she had jilted him, and shot the other two because he thought they were trying to interfere. All three were married women. Moore's wife, who had left him and at the time was living in Alabama with her children, is here, and will be one of the witnesses.

Christian Socialists.

CUMBERLAND, Wis., Nov. 2.—A colony of 100 Germans, who call themselves Christian socialists, have purchased 4,000 acres of land on the Chippewa Falls and Northern branch of the Omaha railroad, northeast of this city, and have established a station called Soronau. They are building large houses and barns, and will work their land on the co-operative socialistic plan. They are a religious sect who came from the north of Germany.

The state department has been informed that the land line wires connecting the cables with the interior of Colombia, including the capital, have been cut as an incident of the revolution.

The czar and czarina are expected to arrive at Potsdam Saturday. The visit is said to be of a purely private nature. Some unknown persons Tuesday evening mutilated the statues facing the Stadtschloss at Potsdam.

Tin and Terne, in this week's issue, will say that 24 modern blast furnaces are in course of erection in the United States. These furnaces will have a capacity of from 600 to 700 tons a day, or a total annual capacity of 5,000,000 tons of pig iron.

LUMBER VESSEL SINKS.

The Steamer, George L. Colwell, Goes to the Bottom in a Storm—Only the Captain Was Saved.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 2.—The steamer Navahoe, Capt. Staples, arrived here Wednesday from New York. On Monday she encountered the gale, stood out to sea and hove to for 18 hours. On Tuesday, about 50 miles east of Charleston lightship she rescued Capt. John Gaskell, sole survivor of the crew of the steamer Geo. L. Colwell, of Detroit, bound to New York from Fernandina, Fla., with a cargo of lumber. Capt. Gaskell was clinging to a piece of wreckage of his lost vessel to which he had clung for 32 hours. He had been badly bruised. Capt. Gaskell was kindly cared for on board, and is now in St. Francis Xavier infirmary here, progressing favorably. He says the storm struck him with full force Monday before daylight. The fury of the wind and force of the waves caused his vessel to spring a leak. Heavy seas were shipped. The pumps were worked but became choked, the cargo shifted in the hold and the vessel broke into pieces about ten miles northest of Cape Romain. Capt. Gaskell and crew of 13, clung to the wreckage, which turned over several times. He saw ten of his crew engulfed in the waves and is of the opinion that the others shared like fates.

Six Story Building Collapses.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Three men known to have perished and three others are reported missing as the result of the collapse of a six story building at 139 and 141 West Lake street Wednesday evening. Considerable damage was done to adjoining property and during the excitement it was reported that as many as 40 lives had been lost. About $200,000 damage was done.

Light Snow at Springfield, Ill.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 2.—A light snow, the first of the season, fell Wednesday night. The weather is very cold and the tomato crop will probably be destroyed.

Street Car Suspended in Midair.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 2.—Forty passengers were on a Wilson avenue car crossing the temporary bridge over the 75-foot-deep gully where the big viaduct collapsed last spring, when the car jumped the track and shot over the edge of the bridge. The passengers got out safely. The car was suspended in midair.

Love Sick Girl Suicides.

ZANESVILLE, O., Nov. 2.—Miss Ella Young, aged 20, committed suicide Wednesday morning by swallowing carbolic acid. The mother was aroused at 2 a. m. by the girl's heavy breathing. She was found in her room unconscious and died in a few minutes. She had just returned from a Halloween party. Disappointment in love.

Maj. Rathbone Ill.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Maj E. G. Rathbone, of Hamilton, O., who, as director general of posts, has charge of the mail service in Cuba, and who was the first fourth assistant postmaster general of the United States, is ill at the St. Nicholas. He is suffering from acute indigestion.

Crushed to Death.

CANTON, O., Nov. 2.—William Gibson, aged 35, married and employed as an oiler at the Diamond cement works at Middle Branch, was found dead and horribly mangled at the shop Wednesday morning. He had been caught in a cogwheel, drawn into one of the heavy machines and crushed to death.

For Better Organization.

BRIDGEPORT, O., Nov. 2.—The United Mine Workers' executive board of the state met here Wednesday, with President Haskins and Vice President Sullivan present. The object of the meeting was to devise plans for strengthening the organization.

Recruiting for the Boers.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Active recruiting for a filibustering expedition of Americans to aid the Boers in South Africa is going on in Cincinnati. The Cincinnati recruiting agent is Harry Lowe, of West Sixth street.

Students On a Strike.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—Eight students of the Ohio State University are on a strike for "more wages." The "wages" is credit for work done in the patternmaking department of the mining engineering school.

Took an Overdose of Carbolic Acid.

ZANESVILLE, O., Nov. 2.—After leading a fast life for a few months, Ella Young became despondent over repeated scandals and Tuesday night swallowed an ounce of carbolic acid. She died Wednesday morning.

Hobart's Wonderful Vitality.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Vice President Hobart's wonderful vitality stood him in good stead Wednesday, and notwithstanding he took little nourishment, he was unusually bright Wednesday evening, and asked Mrs. Hobart to read him the newspapers.

LARGE

Is American Army

Military Forces Now in Service Number 99,160

The Distribution of These Troops is Quite Interesting

A Tribute to the Colored Officers.—Condition of the Artillery Service.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The annual report of the adjutant general of the army, Brig. Gen. Corbin, to the secretary of war, was made public Wednesday. Aside from the strictly technical recital of all the details of a busy year in military life, the report gives much information of an interesting general character and submits numerous recommendations for the betterment of the service.

Gen. Corbin sums up the military forces now in the service of the United states army as follows:

Regular army 64,586; volunteers 34,574; total, 99,160. The regular establishment consists of ten regiments of cavalry, seven of artillery and 25 of infantry. The volunteer establishment consists of one regiment of cavalry, 24 of infantry and a Porto Rico battalion.

The distribution of these troops up to October 1 last, was as follows:

In the United States, 34,229; Porto Rico, 3,363; Cuba, 11,187; Philippines, 32,315; en route to the Philippines, 17,099; Alaska, 499, Hawaiian Islands, 466.

Gen. Corbin adds the following to the summary:

"It is expected that by December 1 next all the infantry regiments, United States volunteers, shown above as in the United States, will have sailed for the Philippine Islands. These, with the troops now there, will give a total strength of 2,117 officers and 63,608 enlisted men, an aggregate of 65,725."

Gen. Corbin pays a tribute to the officers of the new colored regiments drawn from the non-commissioned officers of the colored regiments in the regular army, or from those who saw service in the war with Spain, and says it is believed the best equipped men of our colored citizens have been commissioned.

"The pay of all officers below the grade of brigadier general should be increased at least 33⅓ per cent. while on duty in Cuba or our new possessions. Most of these gentlemen have families that they are unable to have with them, and therefore are compelled to maintain two establishments. Also, that provision be made that all officers below the grade of major general who retire by reason of age or wounds received in action, shall do so on the next grade above the rank held by them in the regular army on the date of their retirement."

Recommendation is made that military officers serving abroad as military attaches be given increased rank and pay.

As the increase in the army calls for an additional number of military academy cadets to fill vacancies it is recommended that the president be authorized to appoint ten annually and that two be appointed at large from each state.

Satisfaction is expressed that the "army canteen" embarrassment has been removed from the war department by the action of congress in establishing certain restrictions.

Recommendation is made that noncommissioned officers be given additional pay in order to attract to these places a worthy class willing to stay in those grades and that 25 years service as an enlisted man shall be sufficient to admit to the retired list of enlisted men.

The condition of the artillery service, especially of the seacoast, the report describes as not altogether satisfactory. It is believed that the time has arrived when the artillery branch of the service should be reorganized and the field artillery separated from that engaged in the coast defense. It is recommended that the regimental organization of the artillery be abolished and that a corps of field artillery and of seacoast artillery be provided for separate and distinct from each other.

In a résumé Gen. Corbin says: "The regular army is now practically at a maximum, as are also the volunteer regiments. The work incident to all these changes, brought about by the acts aforesaid, involving the enlistment of 238,500 volunteers, the increase of the regular army from 26,000 to 62,000, its subsequent reduction and then again its increase to 65,000, necessitating numerous orders and instructions bearing on the same, to say nothing of the complete military record of every officer and man of this large force, threw upon this office work the magnitude of which can not be understood until undertaken. That this work has been done with accuracy and intelligence is now history. All credit is due to the assistants and the clerical force of the office."

The report also calls attention to the fact that not a single life has been lost by accident incident to travel in the course of all transportation to the Philippines.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Annual Report of Chief Examiner Serven—Several Important Changes Will Be Made for Next Year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Chief Examiner Serven, of the civil service commission, in his annual report made public Wednesday says 48,503 persons were examined for entrance to the government service. Not quite 75 per cent. of the candidates passed. The commission has decided to abolish the internal revenue boards of examiners, and examinations formerly conducted by them will be hereafter conducted by examiners sent from Washington. Owing to the increased demand for special tests the ordinary examinations for custom house and internal revenue branches and for first-class post offices will be held hereafter only once a year.

It is pointed out that out of a total of 4,414 appointments to the departmental and government printing services, 784 were women, and that of the 24,213 women who have passed examinations during the last ten years, 3,475, or over 14 per cent., have been appointed. The report recommends the establishment by the commission of a standard of general intelligence which could be considered as a preliminary test.

Americans Drowned.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, via Galveston, Tex., Nov. 2.—El Commercio of this city publishes a dispatch from Castillo announcing the drowning at Machua Falls during a recent flood of Mr. Clark, an American engineer and other members of an engineering party working in that district under the direction of the United States canal commission.

THE POTTERY STRIKE.

Joseph Bishop, Secretary of the State Board of Arbitration in East Liverpool—No Agreement Reached.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Nov. 2.—About 500 girls are still out of the potteries on a strike for an advance of 25 per cent. Every factory in the city but one is affected. Mayor Bough has telegraphed Secretary Joseph Bishop, of the state board of arbitration, and the latter will come here and attempt to settle the strike.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Nov. 2.—Joseph Bishop, secretary of the state board of arbitration, arrived here Wednesday. He met a committee of the strikers and manufacturers but no information could be obtained as to the result of the conference. It is said, however, that no agreement was reached. The striking girls have been organized under the laws of the American Federation of Labor. The president of the Brotherhood of Operative Potters says that the brotherhood has not authorized, nor are they connected in any way with the present strike. The potteries are gradually becoming crippled and unless there is a change before the end of the week every pottery in the city will be compelled to shut down.

A Bad Man From Scio.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, O., Nov. 2.—Oliver Hodges, a bad man from the Scio oil fields, is locked up in the city prison charged with shooting his stepson, Charles Rowley, with intent to kill. Hodges came to this city to find his wife, who was living with a man by the name of Carlisle. He attempted to force an entrance into the house, and when he could not do so fired at Carlisle, the ball striking Rowley in the left temple and inflicting a wound which may prove fatal.

Deal for Belmont Coal Co. Closed.

BELLAIRE, O., Nov. 2.—The Ross & Morgan Co., of Cleveland, Wednesday closed the deal for the entire property of the Belmont Coal Co., owned by Jacob Heatherington. They secure tipples, steamboats and barges and a large number of acres of coal lands. They will equip the mines with electric machinery at once, and operate on a larger scale than hertofore. The price paid is said to be $100,000.

CHIEFS

Make Peace Offers.

The Tagalos are Willing to Submit to Our Authority.

Desire a Sufficient American Garrison Force to Protect Them.

Mindanao Island is the Second Largest of the Group and Nearly Equal to Luzon.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Mail advices to the war department indicate important negotiations in the Mohammedan section of the archipelago, outside the much discussed territory of Sulu. Through the efforts of Mr. K. Engelskjon, a gentleman of Norwegian birth, who enjoys the confidence of the Tagalo chiefs in Mindanao, overtures of peace have been made to Gen. Otis at Manila. Mindanao is almost equal in area to Luzon, being one of the two great islands of the Philippines. The Mohammedans there number 150,000. Spain has maintained little more than nominal sovereignty. Thirty of these chiefs held a conference with Mr. Engelskjon at Zamboanga and drew up a form of treaty proposing terms of peace. They have suffered greatly from the inroads of the Moros and offer to submit to the authority of the United States on the sole condition that sufficient American garrisons be established in the island to protect them.

These proposals were submitted to Gen. Otis on the arrival of Mr. Engelskjon, but what action has been taken is not yet known. An escaped Spanish prisoner from the insurgent lines north of Manila has arrived at Angeles. He confirms the report that the insurgents are running short of Mauser ammunition and are unable to refill cartridge of this class. He says, however, that they are well supplied with Remington ammunition which they manufacture for themselves. They also manufacture dynamite and powder from petroleum and salt, which is shipped to them from Manila and taken into their lines at night. Of the 14 American prisoners held by the insurgents at Tarlac, the rebels claim that four have accepted commissions in the insurgent army.

Two Scotchmen named McKinley and MacIntosh have escaped from the rebels. They say that the insurgents claim to have 250 American prisoners scattered throughout various towns, but they knew of none personally excepting Lieut. Gilmore and his 14 sailors. The insurgents say, however, that they have two American officers in confinement besides Lieut. Gilmore.

Col. Smith, at Angeles, has sent to Gen. MacArthur a placard in Spanish which was found nailed to a tree outside the line. It was an appeal to the colored troops to join the insurgents in the fight for freedom, and referred to "Your brothers, Sam Hose and Gray, whose blood calls aloud for vengeance."

HUTCHINSON, Minn., Nov. 2.—William Rahn, 17 years old, son of Elder Rahn, of the Adventist church, was killed early Wednesday morning by the discharge of a spring gun while participating in a Haloween expedition on the farm of Peter Jenson, four miles north of here. Jenson has told how he set the gun, and is everywhere condemned.

To Assist the Transvaal Government.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—A society has been founded to render assistance to the Transvaal government. Col. Monteil is president and Francois Coppee, Jules LeMaitre, Henri Rochefort and Drumont, proprietor of the Libre Parole, are honorary presidents. The organization is enrolling volunteers to fight for the Boers, and the promoters claim that more than 800 have volunteered.

Absolute Neutrality.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The Neuste Nachrichten, in the course of an article evidently inspired, says: Germany has no intention of playing into the hands of France by intervening in the Transvaal. She intends to pursue a course of absolute neutrality.

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MISS DAISY LEITER.

Pretty American Girl Engaged to Maj. Colin Campbell.

Ardently Wooed by Many Aristocratic Englishmen Who Constitute the Suite of the Governor General of India.

The engagement is reported of Miss Daisy Leiter to Maj. Conlin Powys Campbell, a British officer of illustrious ancestry and distinguished achievements. Miss Leiter is a beautiful and charming member of an American family which is playing a great part in the affairs of the British empire.

Maj. Campbell is one of the heroes of the Anglo-Indian army. He is at present an officer of the Second Central India horse, and it is believed that he has a brilliant career before him.

Miss Daisy Leiter is the youngest of the three beautiful daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Levi Z. Leiter, of the United States and the world at large. Although young, Miss Daisy has had an interesting social history.

Her oldest sister, it may be recalled, is the wife of Lord Curzon, of India. Lady Curzon was formerly Miss Mary Victoria Leiter. When she married her husband he was plain Mr. Curzon, and although he was the oldest son of a nobleman, Lord Scarsdale, his place in British politics was distinctly a minor one.

His beautiful and clever wife quickly assumed a very prominent place in the highest English society. It was largely owing to her assistance that Mr. Curzon secured political advancement with a rapidity unheard of since the days of Pitt. Society and politics are inextricably mixed up in England.

Mr. Curzon became under secretary of state for foreign affairs, in which capacity he was responsible for England's foreign policy to the house of commons. Then he was suddenly appointed to the office of governor general of India, without question the greatest office under the British crown. The viceroy is the absolute ruler of 300,000,000 of human beings, and receives the honors due to an emperor. In order to give him added dignity Mr. Curzon was raised to the peerage under the title of Lord Curzon of Kedleston.

MISS DAISY LEITER.
(American Girl Who Is to Marry Maj. Conlin P. Campbell.)

Lord Curzon's American wife had to share to a great extent in her husband's responsibilities, and bore them with success and dignity. The viceregal court at Calcutta and Simla under her sway has been more brilliant than ever before.

As additional ornaments to her court Lady Curzon had her two sisters, Miss Nancy and Miss Daisy Leiter, with her. They have spent the whole summer in India, and have been the most popular belles of the mountain settlement at Simla, where the Anglo-Indian court and society establish themselves in the summer.

Many absurd and extraordinary stories, says the New York Sunday Journal, were published concerning the overbearing manners of the Leiter family. They originated doubtless with persons of spiteful disposition and inferior position in Indian society.

One alleged dispatch from Calcutta stated that Mrs. Leiter, as mother of Lady Curzon, expected the honors that are given to a queen dowager in Europe. Mrs. Leiter was not even in India at the time this statement was made.

But, most wonderful of all, it was alleged that Anglo-Indian society rebelled because the Leiter girls claimed precedence as relatives of the viceroy. The aides-de-camp of the viceroy were reported to be furious because they were required to ride in attendance upon the Misses Leiter, as if they were princesses of the blood royal.

One would like to see an Anglo-Indian officer and gentleman who would refuse to give precedence to a pretty girl and ride or dance attendance upon her, just as if she were a princess.

As a matter of fact the Misses Leiter were extremely popular among the suite of the viceroy, and practically all the unmarried young men in the suite threw their hearts and fortunes at the feet of the American beauties. The aides of the viceroy are young officers of noble family, who are chosen to impress the natives by their handsome uniforms, their fine appearance and the antiquity of their lineage.

Cold Water a Stimulant.

According to a high authority, cold water is a valuable stimulant to many, if not all people. Its action on the heart is more stimulating than brandy. It has been known to raise the pulse from 70 to over a hundred.

Honey Baths for Gems.

All precious stones are purified by a bath in honey, according to an old idea. Many curious notions are current in regard to gems, as, for instance, that an agate quenches thirst, and, if put into the mouth, allays fever.

TALES OF TABBIES.

A Macon (Mo.) cat reared six young squirrels.

A litter of foxes is cared for by a Reading (Pa.) tabby.

A cat known to be over 25 years old died at Tyro, Kan., the other day.

Thirteen Brooklyn cats quarreled and fought until all but one were dead.

A Philadelphia man owns a cat that he claims has killed 2,500 mice during its lifetime.

In a mine near Butte, Mont., live hundreds of cats that have never seen the light of day.

Twenty years ago a cat race was held at Lancaster, Ky., in which there were 365 entries.

In Maine last year 6,400 Angora cats were raised. Some of the best of them were sold for $50 each.

Margaret King, a New York woman, while intoxicated cut a kitten into pieces with a pair of shears.

Sebastian, a big black cat owned by a Cumberland (Md.) woman, wears a diamond earring in each ear.

Three kittens were born high up in the air in an abandoned bird's nest in the crotch of a tree in Flushing, N. Y.

Twelve black cats were put in a New York cold storage warehouse. At the end of six months their fur had turned white.

Whenever a black cat passes a Hindoo sentry at Bombay he gravely salutes it in military style. This is because of a superstition which leads him to believe that the cat contains the soul of a British officer.

WEATHER SUPERSTITIONS.

A gale moderating at sunset will increase before midnight, but if it moderates after midnight the weather will improve.

There is an old saying—originated, perhaps, for the benefit of school children—that there is only one Saturday in the year, without sun during some portion of the day.

Friday's weather shows what may be expected on the following Sunday; that is, if it rains on Friday noon, then it will rain on Sunday, but if Friday be clear then Sunday will be fine as well.

The 12 days immediately following Christmas denote the weather for the coming 12 months, one day for a month; the first snowstorm indicates the number of snowstorms the winter will bring. For example, if the first snowstorm comes on November 29 look out then for 29 snowstorms.

Thunder on Sunday is considered by the wise men the sign of the death of a great man; on Monday, the death of a woman; on Tuesday, if in the early summer, it foretells an abundance of grain; on Wednesday, warfare is threatened; on Thursday, an abundance of sheep and corn the farmer may reckon upon; on Friday, some great man will be murdered; on Saturday, a general pestilence and great mortality.

ELECTRIC SPARKS.

Experts figure out that a telephone line across the Atlantic, even if it could be built, would not pay unless patrons were charged seven dollars a minute.

Germany is being aroused by a furore of railroad building, mostly electrical. In the month of June 330 railroads were projected. The Germans are ahead of the English in electrical equipping.

The farmers and fruit growers of California are already seizing the advantages electricity affords and are already broadening their opportunities in view of the industrial revolution that this agency guarantees.

It may be interesting to those fond of figures to state that there were in use on January 1 this year 1,158,950 miles of telephone wire, and that the entire cost of construction of the Bell telephone system was over $811,000,000.

The mine owners of the Pacific coast have awakened to the enormous advantages of electric power in mining and leaders among them say no one can yet estimate the changes in gold and silver mining that will follow the introduction of electricity in that industry.

SNAP SHOTS.

The telephoto attachment can be used with any double lens of standard make.

Amateur photographers who expect to take "snap shots" at the Paris exposition in 1900 will have to pay for the privilege. A charge of 50 centimes will be made.

Flashlight powders are not particularly dangerous, when handled with care. Do not place them near inflammable draperies, however, or take any risks with them whatever.

The fad of the day seems to be framing of one's photographs in special frames of black oak. A frame manufacturer told me last week that his business with amatur photographers had grown to be enormous, and that practically all of it was on the narrow black oak or chestnut frames that set any black and white print off beautifully. These frames are cheap, and they make a real wall ornament out of a print that looks insignificant when simply mounted on a card.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE.

The average annual cost per pupil for salaries in the Chicago high schools is $53.56.

Westminster college has been established by Presbyterians as a part of Cambridge university.

Nature study at the zoological gardens is to be a part of the course of instruction in Philadelphia public schools.

The alumni of Tufts college have obtained a voice in the government of the college in the form of a board of overseers.

Car fare is not needed by school children in Victoria, Australia. They are carried in street cars to and from school free of charge.

KING OF SWAZILAND.

His Ignorance Is Surpassed Only by His Cupidity.

Black Tyrant is of Considerable Importance Just Now, Because Both Boer and Englishman Want His Help.

It remains to be seen whether the Boers in the war now declared in the Transvaal are to have the help of the Kaffirs of Swaziland, one of the important colonies of South Africa, and until very recently in close touch with the English, who in 1884 guaranteed the people their independence under the control of their own chief or king by a treaty with the Transvaal republic. The Swazis have been allies of England for many years, even to the extent in times of war of fighting opposing factions of their own people. Their king, whose portrait accompanies this paper, is a savage, incapable of government in times of peace, but ready and willing to fight enemies with the cruelty and relentlessness of his fierce and warlike race. No more savage people exist than these Swazis, who are akin to the Zulus, but natural enemies of that race.

Swaziland incloses a large triangular tract of low land lying between the mouth of the Cunene river on the west and Zambesi on the east, and has an estimated area of 1,220,000 square miles of the territory, and is at present under the protection of the Transvaal republic. King Buno, their head chief, gave out so many concessions to Europeans and Boer adventurers that much of the valuable mineral land of the colony has been taken up by those people, who work only for personal interests and not at all for the good of the country.

Bremersdorp, in Swaziland, has a population of 500 white people, and enjoys the distinction of a gentleman's club, a good hotel and many American visitors, some of them transient residents, who, in the course of a few years, make fortunes, business opportunities

KING BUNO OF SWAZILAND.
(African Potentate Who May Fight Against the Boers.)

for acquiring wealth being at a maximum and living expenses at a minimum. The people there are jolly good fellows, and the law is respected better than in any other section of South Africa. This fact is partly owing to the salutary presence of Charles E. Meintjes, the state's attorney, the man whom the Swazis fear more than Oom Paul, and who is a leading factor in all political movements, and greatly respected by King Buno, the head chief of the Swazis.

This Kaffir savage is always to be propitiated into granting a concession by a basket of champagne or a cask of rum. Although in receipt of £1,500 monthly during his life, the "king" pays out no money if a concession will be received as equivalent, and as these concessions are valuable they are often preferred. When an American fire insurance company sent an agent to insure the king's life the poor agent was much embarrassed by the offer of 16 of his wives instead of cash for payment of the first premium. As each wife is valued at the price of ten bullocks, it will be seen that the aggregation would have been a neat concession from the royal ruler of Swaziland. The most valuable of these kingly concessions is held by the Mercantile Association of Swaziland, which has a free import right. A concession for collecting the entire revenue of the country was held by an Englishman, who sold it to the Transvaal government for $500,000, and during the four years he held the concession he levied taxes to the utmost on those who had means to pay.

The Swazis, says the Chicago Times-Herald, being a tribe of Kaffirs, also related to the Zulus, like them, fight with the spear and assegai, which two war implements they are early taught to use with cruel accuracy. When a Kaffir or Zulu returns from war he is expected to bring his assegai with him and lay it before his dwelling to show his people that the enemy could not take it from him. It will be recalled that the last prince imperial of France, Eugenie's fatherless boy, was killed by the assegai of a Zulu in the English and Zulu war, to which the young prince gallantly volunteered to go with his English friends. It is more than probable that in a hand to hand encounter the Swazis will discard army rifles for their beloved assegais.

Alcohol for Automobiles.

The majority of motor cars are now driven by petroleum, but a French engineer recommends the use of alcohol instead, and motors are being altered so as to consume it. There is no fear of explosion with alcohol, and it is said to be less costly than petroleum.

Mormon Church Tithes.

The Salt Lake (Utah) Herald says that the Mormon church revenues from tithes alone were $900,000 in the year ending December 1 last, one-third of the amount being cash and two-thirds produce.

NOTES OF A TRAVELER.

It takes $175 a year to keep a railway carriage in working order.

In the past 70 years over 400,000 miles of railway has been completed in the British empire.

Employes of the Lehigh Valley railroad have been ordered to speak of wrecks as "derailments" or "accidents."

Chicago has more miles of street railway than any other city in the world. The total length of single track, elevated railroads included, is over 1,000 miles.

The Italian government now issues a new kind of "travelers' passes," good on all railways and steamboat lines, and including hotel expenses, first or second-class, on payment of a certain lump sum, varying according to class and time.

The new street cars to be used on the interurban line between St. Paul and Stillwater have will have compressed air brakes and whistles. The air whistles will be used in the country, where the cars will be run at a high rate of speed.

The Kashmir railway is to be constructed over 186 miles in the most mountainous part of India. It will be operated by electricity, water power being used. This permits of a much lighter motor for drawing the same load, and also permits of grades which a steam engine could not climb without recourse to the rack system.

The trains of the trans-Siberian railroad are to be ferried across Lake Baikal on a steamboat which, it is said, will possess the most powerful engines employed in any vessel afloat. They are of 40,000 horse-power, and a large share of their immense energy will be required to break a way for a boat through the thick ice which covers the lake in the winter. The engines of the great steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse are of only 28,000 horse-power.

LEARNED BY EXPERIENCE.

The worst remedy for an evil is to complain of it.

For every foolish thing in law there is a wise reason.

Make useful sacrifices enough to dispense with useless ones.

Put your strength in your fight instead of in your challenge.

Some men are ever ready to do an injury and to apologize for it.

When one builds castles in the air he leaves out the troubles.

Take care of your health while you have it, not after it is gone.

A delicate man at work accomplishes more than a giant in idleness.

It is much harder to get a dollar into one's pocket than it is to get it out.

Most men give up what they like to do in order to get what they like to have.

The next best thing after not being pretty is not to know that you are ugly.

We will never have clean streets in a great city until somebody wants the dirt.

One who spends money imprudently is not apt to have money to spend prudently.

Politicians are given appointments not for favors received, but for favors expected.

Many waste their powers in getting wealth and then waste their wealth in getting power.—Ledger Monthly.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Argentina's president has a $7,500 uniform.

Ex-President Pierola, of Peru, has $30,000,000.

The earl of Harrington owns a grocery in London.

Rev. J. R. Metford, a Presbyterian preacher in Scotland, is worth $1,500,000.

James Jackson, heir to the throne of Kabinda, is janitor of a flat in San Francisco.

The oldest living member of the New York stock exchange is William Alexander Smith, who was elected in 1844.

Lieut. Brumby, of the Olympia, is said to be the greatest smoker in the navy. Except when on duty, he always has a cigar close at hand.

Henry Clews says: "For one who looks well after the original investment, good health, a clear head, work and economy, will declare big dividends."

J. Pierpont Morgan believes that the two great charities for a rich man to indulge in are to buy good pictures for public museums and to endow free hospitals.

It is a curious fact that the queen should have an equal number of grandchildren and great-grandchildren—32 of each—which, together with her seven children, makes the number of her descendants 71.

A GREAT RAILROAD CENTER.

Chicago is the greatest railroad center in the world.

One hundred and fifty thousand suburbanites are brought in every morning over the steam roads, and one of these lines—the Illinois Central—transports 15,000,000 suburban passengers annually over its admirably conducted system.

With 28 terminal trunk lines, the number of through express and mail trains arriving and departing daily is 284; accommodation and suburban passenger trains, 694; merchandise freight trains, 288; grain, stock and lumber trains, 100, making a total of 1,366 regular trains of all classes in and out of Chicago daily by way of all railroad lines.

The total tonnage of dead freight carried east in 1898 aggregated 6,000,000 tons. From the west the big trunk lines brought in nearly 270,000,000 bushels of grain, over 4,000,000 barrels of flour, 205,000,000 pounds of cut meats, 60,000,000 pounds of lard and 9,000,000 live hogs. The in and out freight now amounts to 950,000 cars annually.

Another Example of the Difference in Surplus Earnings.

15-payment life policies. 15-year accumulative periods. Issued 1883. Age 34. $5,000 each.

COMPANY.	NORTHWESTERN.	NEW YORK LIFE	EQUITABLE.
No. of Policy.	122,470—1	179,017	269,317
Name of Insured,	James Vick,	Adolf Sherman,	Abram Rapp,
Residence,	Rochester, N. Y.	Chicago, Ill.	Cripple Creek, Col.
Annual Premium,	$194.05	$195.45	$195.45
Total Premiums Paid,	$2,924.25	$2,931.75	$2,931.75
RESULTS IN 1898			
Accumulated Surplus,	$1,214.98	$ 874.00	$ 702.75
Guaranteed Value,	2,354.40	2,354.40	2,278.70
Total Cash Value,	$3,569.38	$3,228.40	$3,041.45
Life Annuity,	91.26	65.64	68.00
In lieu of accumulated surplus.			
Paid-up Insurance,	$7,580.00*	$6,800.00+	$6,675.00+
In lieu of total cash value.			

Northwestern's Accumulated Surplus exceeds New York Life's $340.98
" Total Cash Value " " " " 340.98
" Life Annuity " " " " 25.62
" Paid up Insurance " " " " 720.00
Accumulated Surplus exceeds Equitable's 452.23
" Total Cash Value " " 527.00
" Life Annuity " " 33.26
" Paid-up Insurance " " 905.0

*Participating. +Non-participating.

To receive Northwestern Dividends you must have Northwestern Policy.

O'CONNOR BROS. General Agents. | R. E. Davis, E. L. Thomas, { Special Agents

DIRECTORY

Of Business Houses

The wide awake business men of Lima recognize the value of a small advertisement in the NEWS.

LIMA'S PROMINENT HOTELS.

The New Cambridge, opp. P. Ft. & W. & B. & O., L. E. & W. and Lima Northern stations. A. S. Manhard, Prop. Popular prices.

The Lima Northern Hotel and Bar, E. Brentlinger Prop. Restaurant and Bar Hot lunch and warm meals at all hours. Opposite C. H. & D. and D. & L. N. depot.

RESTAURANT AND SALOON.

Best meals, warm and cold lunch in the city at all hours. Old Wines, Whisky and Moerlein Beer always on tap. THE ELM 328 north Main street.

CAPITOL SALOON

And Restaurant, 314 North Main street, for fine Wines, Liquors and Ice Cold Lager Beer.

FURNITURE STORES.

Highest prices paid for second hand furniture, carpets, stoves, watches and jewelry and cast-off Gents clothing. Bargains in second hand goods and safes at 128 east Market St. Give me a call and be convinced A. B. Atkinson.

A. J. Conroy & Co., dealers in household specialties. Will furnish your home on small installments. 501 North Main St.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

New York Candy Kitchen, 125 east Wayne street is the only place to buy home made candies, fresh every day. Nuts and cigars always in stock. Call and see.

LUMBER, COAL AND ICE.

Conrath & Hover, cor north and Central avenue. 'Phones 372 and 266 for Lumber and Coal at popular prices.

Call on the Lima Ice & Coal company for Pure Sorbet water Ice. Phones 164 or 451.

MUSIC TEACHER.

Marie Halter Berlino, late of London gives vocal piano and theory lessons, trains choirs, etc. 125 North West street.

Lydia R. Davis, Teacher of Piano and Theory. Room 20 Opera House Block, 2nd floor. New 'Phone 528.

INSURANCE.

Prudential Insurance Company, Home office, Newark, New Jersey, Branch office Rooms 1 and 2 GAZETTE Block. A Noonan Superintendant.

BARBER SHOPS.

The best place in Lima for a Hair Cut or Shave is at Ed. Gast's, 108 East Spring st.

WATCH MAKER.

Chas. Tucker, Watchmaker. Watches Clocks and Jewelry repaired. No. 30 north Main street, T. N. Cunningham's drug store.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER.

J. C. Musser, Livery, Hack and Transfer Line, No. 16 south west corner of Public Square. Telephone 48, both lines.

BANKS.

The Commercial Bank, Samuel A. Baxter & Sons, Lima, Ohio. Bonds, Mortgages, Investments, General Banking.

STAR CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

Carpets, Feathers, Fur Rugs, Portieres and Matting cleaned, renovated and sterilized, making them free of all germs, moths, etc. Old carpets remade, laid and refitted. Wool carpet bought and sold. Free delivery. Carl Boegel, Prop., 430 north Pierce St. Phone 595-492.

PORTRAIT ENLARGING.

In any style: India Ink, Water Colors, Pastel, &c., by Prof. T. A. Stubley. Any person desirious of taking lessons in above arts will find terms reasonable. Call at the studio and ask to see the 16x20 India Ink portraits I am enlarging from any small picture free. 109 E. Wayne street.

FLORIST.

Mrs. E. E. Rogers, Florist. Designing a specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers daily. 'Phone 106. 104 West Market street, Lima, O.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

For fine portraits, views of residences, horses, etc. Call on G. Mitchell, 230 south Main street.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING.

Spouting and roofing work done on short notice. General roofing a specialty. New 'phones 370. 614 south Main street. Hugh Francis.

FLOUR, FEED AND COAL.

E. H. Dorsey, 206 South Main street for Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay and Straw, with Barrel Salt, Potatoes, Wood and Coal a Specialty. Our Motto: "Small profits and quick sales." Both 'Phones 457.

Hoosier whole wheat Pancake Flour.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

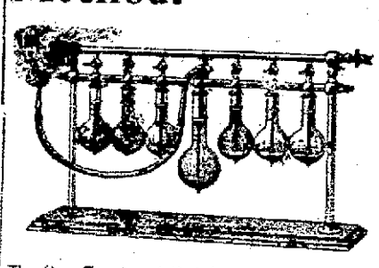
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

H F Vortkamp, Northeast Corner.

CATARRHAL DISEASES

Permanently Cured By a

Rational Method.



The New Treatment that Cures by Destroying the Germs that Produce Catarrh.

CATARRH

Is a disease from which almost every possible malady may spring, as Bronchitis, Asthma, Deafness, Consumption, Stomach Disorder, etc. Catarrh has been considered incurable because it has not been understood.

DYSPEPSIA

After Catarrh once gets into the stomach, Dyspepsia soon follows, with Liver, Bowel, Heart and Kidney Troubles.

CONSUMPTION

Catarrh also extends down the Bronchial tubes, causing Bronchitis, Asthma and finally on reaching the lung tissue, Consumption quickly develops. All these troubles can be cured if taken in time by removing the cause, which is catarrh.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

A catarrhal affection of the kidneys and Urinary organs many times results in nervous debility, which wrecks the health of so many STRONG YOUNG MEN.

Dr. Stockdale cures these diseases and restores all diseased organs to a normal condition.

Consultation and TRIAL TREATMENT FREE to all who apply at office.

Hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 12 m.

B. A. STOCKDALE, M. D.,

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Successor to,

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General Insurance Agency.

ROOM 6 HOLMES BLOCK, LIMA, OHIO

Call and get rates. Bonds furnished promptly by the Fidelity Bond Co.

MONEY TO LOAN

At the Very Lowest Rate of Interest and on short notice. We have a large amount of money to loan on long time, in sums of $500 and upwards, on city property and improved farm lands, with privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing Cheap Money on Easy Terms will find it will be to their interest to call. City Property, Vacant Lots and Farms for Sale on Small Payments.

C. H. Folsom,

Real Estate and Loan Broker.
Rooms Nos. 2 and 3 Holmes Block.

WM. SCHATZMANN.

—DEALER IN—

Iron and Tin Roofing and Spouting.

Stove repairing and job work a specialty. Estimates Cheerfully given.

301 North Street and Central Avenue, LIMA, OHIO.

—BOWER'S—

CORN - CRISPS

. . . . ARE DELIGHTFUL . . . .

Try them once and you will have found the Perfection of Confectionery

DR. M. B. DOTY,

Dentist,

Gazette Block. [East High] Street

No Specialties, but Dentistry and Oral Surgery practiced in all its departments.

DR. AND MRS. DR. MURPHY

PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEURS.

Devote special attention to family practice and ladies during the lying-in. Professional services during confinement and nine days thereafter, only $5.00. Calls promptly attended day and night. Office and Residence 619 North Main St. Bell telephone 247

The most popular thing in Lima—The NEWS' FREE WANT column.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE GROCERY TRADE

It Will Be Represented Quite Ably at the Paris Exposition.

Robert Mitchell Floyd, of Boston, Chosen as the Delegate of the American Grocers at Next Year's Congress in France.

Robert Mitchell Floyd, of Boston, the representative of the International Congress of Grocers from the United States to Paris, 1900, was born in New Orleans, La., in 1849. Aside from the picturesque old-time courtesy of a gentleman of the old school, which he inherited from his father, Edwin Floyd, the stanch integrity of his sweet Welsh mother makes up a large share of his character. His early boyhood days, lit up by the pine-knots of the negroes' cabins, and the more brilliant glow from the hearthstones of the aristocratic and beautiful homes of the southern planters, seems to have kindled a fire of warmth and hospitality in his nature that even the passing years have not put out. Mr. Floyd has a pedestal of blue-veined ancestry to stand upon, his forefathers for several generations being renowned both in military and literary fields, one, William Floyd, being also a signer of the declaration of independence; but as he is a true American, he prefers to stand upon his own feet, and that his fellows should take the measure of his manhood as he really is, without the vantage height of ancestral glory.

He came north from New Orleans to New York city in 1857, and there received the public school education of that time, and fell under the influence of the old Knickerbocker days. Later he was sent to a university in Vermont, where the strict discipline of the northern schoolmaster held in check the impulsive ardor of the earlier days. Through the university, he at once entered into a line of business that was a prophecy of his future interests in the food matters, that is wholesale grocery, and later the flour and milling trade. He was for five years engaged in a wholesale grocery business in New York, and subsequently represented a

ROBERT MITCHELL FLOYD
(Will Represent American Grocers at the Paris Exposition.)

large American flour milling concern in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

His success was so great that he was, after three years' sojourn in Boston, transferred to Chicago to develop the trade in that city. The farewell reception tendered him by Boston merchants is still remembered as a notable event in Boston's trade circles. For nine years he lived in Chicago, carrying on business with a breeziness and push as strong as the winds that blow over the great lake itself. The necessary traveling incurred through this connection made the name of Robert Mitchell Floyd well known and liked in every state of our union, for the engaging personality of the man, his cheery presence, his whole-souled cordiality, and his quick, executive, coming-to-the point ability was a rare and unusual relief to the monotony of commonplace trade. As a teller of good stories he is unsurpassed, as a ready and witty speaker at dinners or at meetings of various kinds, his charm is of the kind that brings the tear to the eye, and the laugh from the heart. After leaving the flour interests for five or six years he traveled abroad, increasing his native culture with the advantage of the older world. In 1893 he returned to America, and now is once more actively engaged in business in Boston. If Mr. Floyd had been a grasping man, he might to-day have been labeled "millionaire," or "governor" of some state, but because he has been too big to think much of self, he is simply what his countrymen have right to be proud of—an honest, intelligent, representative American gentleman.

Peat Bog in Canada.

A bog of 40,000 acres of peat 20 feet thick has been discovered in Canada, which, when compressed, makes a hotter fire than coal. The peat is cut and dried and pulverized and put into a hopper, and then forced through a two-inch tube and formed into three-inch cubes, and is then as heavy as anthracite. It is free from sulphur, makes no soot, smoke, dust or clinkers, needs but little draft and burns well in locomotives. The owners think they have a bonanza.

Hollanders Smoke Most.

The Hollanders are perhaps of all the northern people those who smoke the most, the humidity of their climate making it almost a necessity, while the moderate cost of tobacco with them renders it accessible to all. To show how deeply rooted is the habit, it is enough to say that the boatmen of Holland measure distances by smoking.

King of Greece Plows.

The king of Greece delights in taking recreation in the fields. He can plow, cut and bind corn, milk cows, and, in short, could at a pinch keep a farm going single handed.

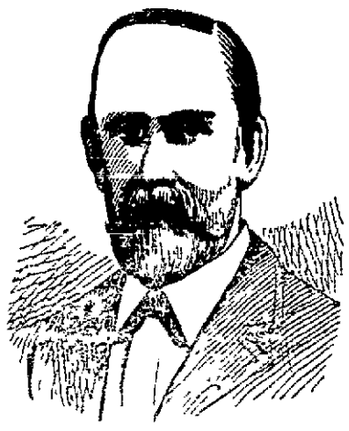
HE WHIPPED WALES.

A Californian is Probably the Only Man Who Ever Met H. R. H. in Open Fight.

There is probably only one man in the world who can boast of having whipped the prince of Wales with any degree of honesty. This is not because his royal highness would be very hard to whip, but it is a fact that but one man, and one woman have ever accomplished the feat, which is impossible even for Jim Jeffries, the world's champion.

The woman is Queen Victoria and the man, says the Philadelphia Press, is Mr. James Miller.

With the woman we are not, in the nature of things, so much interested.



JAMES MILLER
(The Only Man Who Ever Licked the Prince of Wales)

But the man is no relative of his victim and is an American. He lives in Oakland, Cal. and his address is 1125 East Twelfth street.

"But this is how it happened:

"It was when we were both boys," said Mr. Miller, the other day, "that the prince and myself fell to blows. Everything runs to knock-outs these days, and we were then in advance of our times, so when the smoke of the battle cleared away there was no question as to who had won.

"He was out of it and I had done for a member of the royal family, and a future king of England.

"At the time I was visiting my uncle, who then lived in old Porto Bolo, the famous little Scottish pottery town on the south coast of the Firth of the Forth.

"One day I was riding out on a donkey, and the young prince was walking by on foot when we chanced to meet, and trouble followed. The prince, like any other boy of pugnacious qualities, approached me, and catching me by the leg pulled me from the saddle.

"In these days I was a fighter, and before the youngster knew just what struck him I had landed some good left swings and he was all but out when his tutor, who accompanied him, came up from the rear to his rescue.

"I must say that the prince showed pluck and good fighting qualities. He fought well and got the first fall in his favor by pulling me off the donkey, which landed me on my back in the dust of the middle of the road.

"But I was stronger, bigger, older and more experienced, too, no doubt, and for the rest of the time all the honors were safely mine.

"It is not on record just what happened to me after it was all over, but I have just a hazy recollection of a meeting with my aged uncle that ended in disaster for me.

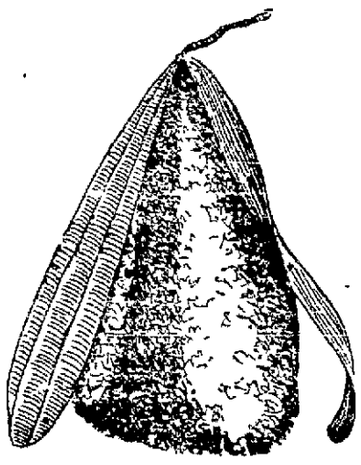
"That fight, none the less, made the prince of Wales my friend for life. He never forgot it, and often tells the story and laughs over it now.

"Long after that meeting in boyhood he happened to learn that I was in need of financial aid, and he lost no time in sending me a check for a princely sum. I have his kind letter to this day, and am not likely to part with it. It refers jokingly to our 'little mix-up.' We have met several times since then, and the prince always buys the wine, after securing from me a solemn promise to fight fair."

THE WASH-RAG PLANT.

It Grows on Vines Like Cucumbers and Is One of Ohio's Agricultural Products.

Ohio which ranks first in the production of politicians is also proud of its great wash-rag crop, which is just coming on the market for 1899. The Ohio wash or dish rag is a vegetable product.



OHIO WASH-RAG PLANT.
(A Crop of Which the People of the Buckeye State Are Proud.)

It grows on vines which closely resemble in appearance cucumber vines. Each of the vegetable rags grows inside a case which looks like a green gourd, 18 or 20 inches long. The rag proper is primarily intended as a support for the seeds of the plant. When unfolded it is five inches wide by a foot long. It is of a loose and somewhat rough texture, more nearly resembling crash than any other manufactured fabric. The vegetable wash cloth is said to possess the desirable property of making the skin smooth and soft.

FALL DISPLAYS IN THE SHOPS.

(From the Dry Goods Economist, New York.)

Lizard brooch pins set with olivines and diamonds.

Two-toned velvets in which white furnishes the reliefs.

Steerling-silver hooks and eyes studded with rhinestones.

Many plaid, spotted and shot woolen shirt waists for girls.

Many broad sash ribbons on white grounds with colored figures.

Medium-sized velvet hats effectively draped with fringed silk scarfs.

Black venetian and broadcloth tailored suits trimmed with white silk braid in fancy patterns.

Many French novelties in the form of stickpins, brooches, chatelaines and neck chains.

Collarettes and muffs to match, constructed from pheasants' feathers in various dark mixtures.

Choice umbrellas with column-shaped handles wrought in silver, gold and gunmetal studded with real jewels.

New reception costumes of damask satin in shades of white and mauve embellished lavishly with old rose point.

Elaborate shoulder capes of mink edged with two double frills of brown chiffon, which also form the long stole ends.

Short carriage coats having their edges cut in irregular scroll pattern with lace-incrusted revers and bell-shaped cuffs.

Girl's suits fashioned with blue serge skirt and round waist composed of blue and white checked taffeta with trellis-work yoke of ribbon.

A CALIFORNIA CROP.

The Los Angeles Times says that about 100 acres will be planted to navel oranges in Riverside this year.

A prominent shipping firm estimates the output of dried peaches from this state this year at 1,200 to 1,300 carloads.

The California Vineyardist says that there will be about 1,400 carloads of seeded raisins shipped from California this season.

At last advices there had been over 6,000 carloads of fresh deciduous fruits shipped east this season, as against a total of 4,200 last season.

The Riverside Press estimates the output of pickled olives from southern California at about 2,000 barrels. Little has been said about this crop but it seems to be good in most parts of the state. The bulk of the early varieties will begin very soon.

The Oroville Mercury of October 10 says that there is a "ripe orange" on the editor's table—the first of the year's crop. The chances are that it stays there because the editor does not care to eat it. Few editors care much for such "ripe oranges" as can be picked in October. They are better in January, even in Oroville.

The Orange county horticultural commissioners report that while the laws requiring orchards to be kept clean are frequently enforced by summary proceedings such action has never been necessary in the county, except against nonresident owners, or those who were so deeply mortgaged that they had no real interest in the property.

IN OUR OWN LAND.

There are 37 gold-producing counties in the 156,000 square miles of California's area.

A rattan cane has been in the possession of a Hope (Ind.) family for 335 years, passing from father to son.

A law requiring corporations to pay wages at least monthly has been declared constitutional in California.

Seventy-five per cent of the population of Manitou, Col., are invalids and exiles from their homes. Nearly every state and territory and civilized country in the world is represented.

Boston gives its citizens a chance to patronize home peddlers by the way it numbers licenses issued. Those for Boston peddlers are even numbers, and those for non-residents odd.

The people of Nevada have a chance to spread themselves. It has more area for its residents than has any other state. There are two square miles for each person. Rhode Island is the most densely populated state, with 818 inhabitants for each square mile.

An artesian well is on the farm of Charles Schaffer, at Wapukoneta, O. He lately turned on the water to irrigate his parched lawn, and with the fluid came myriads of little fish of the black bass variety, from two to four inches in length.

BRITISH BREVITIES.

England consumes £8,000,000 worth of fish every year.

It costs £2,000 to give Buckingham palace frontage a new coat of paint.

The gold plate at Windsor castle is the largest collection in the world. It is valued at £2,000,000.

When a Londoner desires to express deep grief for the loss of a relative he puts crape on his cane.

The population of the British empire is 406,000,000. Of this number 40,405,000 are in Europe, 308,000,000 in Asia, 45,000,000 in Africa, including Egypt; 7,100,000 in America and 5,500,000 in Oceanica.

That card playing is still a popular pastime in England is shown by the fact that during the last financial year the stamp duty of threepence was paid on no fewer than 1,952,456 packs made for sale or use in the United Kingdom. From this source the exchequer received £24,405 14s., which was supplemented by a sum of £5,346, representing the customs duty of three shillings ninepence per dozen packs on playing cards imported from abroad. Add to these figures £34 paid as license duty by makers, and we have a total revenue of £29,785 14s.

PEOPLE TESTIFY.

Reference That is Surely Worth Looking Up.

A Man Who Tells His Friends What Has Done Him Much Good.

We will tell you what will cure the worst kind of a case of backache caused from the kidneys. We will not only tell you, but will refer you to people in all walks of life who have used Kid-ne-oids with the best results. We ask you to read this statement from Jacob Hunsecker, Franklin street, Delphos, Ohio, who says: "A short time ago I had opportunity to test the merits of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I had been troubled for several years with lame back. Sometimes it would be sharp shooting pain or a dull, heavy bearing-down pain. I was also troubled with nervousness and could not sleep well at night. I had other symptoms of kidney trouble, including swelling of the joints. Morrow's Kid-ne-oids being highly recommended for my trouble I decided to try them. Kid-ne-oids greatly relieved my backache, quieted my nerves, and greatly relieved all other symptoms of kidney trouble. I will continue to take Kid-ne-oids and will heartily recommend them for kidney trouble."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but yellow tablets and cure all disorders of the kidneys, backache, nervousness and sleeplessness. They sell at fifty cents a box at all drug stores. Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

"I had dyspepsia fifty-seven years and never found permanent relief till I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Now I am well and feel like a new man," writes S J Fleming, Murray, Neb. It is the best digestant known. Cures all forms of indigestion. Physicians everywhere prescribe it. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

"THE BEE HIVE."

One of the Busiest Groceries of the City is That of H. J. Beckman.

One of the busiest places outside the central business portion of the city is the "Bee Hive" grocery located at 226 south Central avenue. The genial and accommodating proprietor, H. J. Beckman, late of the C. H. & D coach department, has won the confidence and friendship of a large circle of people which, together with the excellent stock of staple and fancy groceries and notions, explains the substantial business he now enjoys. The "Bee Hive" is headquarters for anything in the grocery line. Give Mr. Beckman a call and you will get your money's worth and the very best the Market affords. Goods delivered promptly to any part of the city. 1-2t

LaGrippe, with its after effects, annually destorys thousands of people. It may be quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, the only remedy that produces immediate results in coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, pneumonia and throat and lung troubles. It will prevent comsumption. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner of Main and North streets.

INTERESTING

Proved the Contest at the Y. M. C. A. Last Night—'Twas Ladies' Night.

Last night was ladies' night at the Y M C A and a good crowd was present to witness the program which had been arranged for their special benefit. One who was there in speaking of the program, has the following to say:

The dumb bell performance was very good, as was also the apparatus work afterwards. James Tyler did fine work on the horizontal bar.

The "elephant" in charge of Dr. Jones created much amusement.

The basket ball game between the married men and single men was exciting throughout, and was finally won by the married men by the score of 14-10.

Geo Noland, Rockland, O., says, "My wife had piles forty years. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

Hoosier whole wheat Pancake Flour.

The NEWS want column is the real thing.

People's Free Wants Will Fill Your Wants.

The NEWS is the medium through which the general public may have their wants supplied. Quick results; best returns. Situations or help wanted, lost and found, for rent, want to rent—all advertisements under these heads of 25 words, two insertions free to subscribers of this paper. For Sale are charged for payable in advance. The NEWS is the recognized directory for those desiring to supply such wants. Everything coming under the other headings, one time 25 cents, 3 times 35 cents. All ads payable in advance.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—To sell 250 selected feeding Lambs, 13 Steers, 4 Heiffers 2-year-olds. 355 south Pine street, Wm. Duckworth.

WANTED—Situation as Stationary firing and engineering. Apply at 605 N. Union street.

Wanted—Position as colector. Leave word at this office.

WANTED.—To rent typewriter. Will buy one second hand, but must be cheap and in good order. Address A G, Care of NEWS.

WANTED—A bright energetic man or woman to sell seven books; Good pay. Call at 232 west Vine street.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework small family, reference required. Apply at 807 west Market street.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—A good young jersey cow, will be fresh next month. Call at 724 south Pine. 3t

WANTED—A good first class kitchen girl at once. Call at 200 east Wayne street.

FOR SALE—A good driving horse, cheap if sold soon. Inquire of W. Anderson, 4 miles east of city on High street road.

FOR RENT, ETC.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms at 129 south Union street. 8-3t

FOR RENT—Good house of six rooms, one square from Opera House. Inquire at NEWS Office.

FOR RENT—After October 31st, a small business room on E High. Inquire of E. W. Jackson.

FOR RENT—7 room house on east High street, two squares from Main street. Enquire at 200 north Central avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 129 south Union street. 3t

ARE YOU—Worrying over a suitable Christmas present for your college or professional friend? If so, call at this office. Address A C Norris. 3t

The New Autumn Petticoats.

This is a most pushful, progressive feature of fall business. Every good kind of Skirt is represented here, and owing to our watchfulness some of the lots can, and will be offered much below normal values.

Black lined Petticoats, corded flounce, narrow ruffle, for

For $1.00.

Better grades $1.38, 1.50 to 3.50. It will pay you to visit this department if you are needing anything in this line.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 Public Square. 2nd Floor. Take the Elevator.

You never know what form of blood poison will follow constipation. Keep the liver clean by using Dewitt's Little Early Risers and you will avoid trouble. They are famous little pills for constipation and liver and bowel trouble. H F Vortkamp northeast cor Main and North streets.

In addition to regular garbage the Ohio Sanitary Company collects and removes waste paper, tin cans, broken bottles, glass, etc., and keeps your garbage can in perfect sanitary condition by fumigating with the latest known preventative.

THANKSGIVING HOLIDAYS, 1899.

Greatly reduced rates via the C H & D Ry. Tickets sold on November 29th and 30th, limited to December 1st for return. Ask your nearest C H & D Agent for full particulars regarding time of trains and rates.

Dr W Wixon, Italy Hill, N Y, says, "I heartily recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It gave my wife immediate relief in suffocating asthma." Pleasant to take. Never fails to quickly cure all coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

TO OUR PATRONS.

We ask your kind indulgence for a few days, as we are just starting and it will take us a little time to get things in a systematic shape. Our tank wagons are now being built and will be out in a few days, when we promise that you will have no cause or complaint. If, however, the service should not be satisfactory, call up old 'phone 648 and we will do our best to remedy it.

OHIO SANITARY CO.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J CHENEY & CO. Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

J D Bridges, Editor "Democrat," Lancaster, N H, says: "One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy for croup I ever used." Immediately relieves and cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. H F Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

Remember we are the only person or firm legally authorized to do a garbage business in Lima. See our contract with the city. Our representative Mr. E. T. Ritenour, will call upon you soon for your contract.

OHIO SANITARY CO.,
tf Old 'Phone 648.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Dr H H Haden, Summit, Ala., says, "I think Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a splendid medicine. I prescribe it, and my confidence in it grows with continued use." It digests what you eat and quickly cures dyspepsia and indigestion. H F Vortkamp northeast cor. Main and North streets.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE LIMA NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper will confer a favor by reporting to this office either by postal card or telephone.

The News solicits from its readers communications discussing pertinent questions.

No. 316 NORTH MAIN STREET
Opposite Court House.

Entered at the Postoffice at Lima, Ohio, as second-class matter.

Both 'Phones 417

E. W. JACKSON, President.
J. R. FINNELL, Managing Editor.

WATSON'S WEATHER.

Snow is predicted for tonight and tomorrow.

"Come Jimmie, you feel all right now don't you? We let you introduce Mr Hanna." But Mr Halfhill smiles and does not incriminate himself.

The fight for the Columbus branch of the D & L N may result in great good for Lima. Should that line be made prosperous it will open up more territory for Lima business men.

The Sultan of Sulu has gained many friends among young bloods, and this element will at least support the Administration in the late treaty. Why, we might yet become a second France.

Candidate Jones shows he has about the correct view when he says the trusts are legitimate. The democrats are fighting an unknown quantity in this; and may see their error. Hanna, it is known, has said that there are no trusts. Jones says they are legitimate; McLean says to h—— with them; and Hanna declares there are none, so there you are. Somebody has blundered.

The democratic county ticket this year embraces every branch of business. Gensel is a laboring man, taken from the Golley & Finley shops; Feltz is a merchant; Miller until recently was a farmer, Sullivan is a typical representative of Lima, a graduate of her public schools; these four represent the great interests of the county. Workingmen; business men; farmers and city interests.

AMUSEMENTS.

Sol Smith Russell in "A Poor Relation."

It is quite safe to say that no theatrical attraction of the season is anticipated with a livelier degree of interest than the engagement of that popular actor, Mr Sol Smith Russell, who will appear at the Faurot Opera House on Monday, Nov. 6th. The play in which he will appear is one of his best and in which Mr Russell has made a national fame. Every theatre-goer will remember "A Poor Relation" and be glad to know that Mr Russell has again revived this charming idea. It is a pretty story, with touches of nature which absorb human interest. The constant humor, pure and elevating, is blended with pathetic incidents, forming a production of delightful simplicity. The proformance was admirable, as the star has brought to his aid a capable company.

The advance sale of seats will open at the box office of theater at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, and of course Mr Russell will meet with his usual crowded house. It is a nature genius and comedy, acting with the mellowness of old wine, that is welcomed in Sol Smith Russell each recurring season.

A Runaway Girl Tonight.

Jas. I Powers one of the cleverest comedians on the American stage, surrounded by an enormous assemble of fun makers and sweet singers, numbering 65 will to night present for the first and only time in Lima, the brilliant musical success, "A Runaway Girl" in all its complete entirety and perfection of detail.

That a full house will greet this notable company is assured by the advance sale.

"Ten Nights in a Bar Room."

Ed F Davis Company will present "Ten Nights in a Bar Room" at the Opera House Saturday matinee and night at popular prices. Matinee 10 and 20 cents, night 10, 20, 30 and 50c.

"Ten Nights in a Bar Room" never grows old, it is more than a play, it argues for one of the greatest themes that can engage the mind.

Ed F. Davis' big company gives a splendid interpretation of the famous drama.

Sweet Cider at Watson's.

PLAINTIFF

In the Damage Cases of White and Brewer is

Still On the Stand—Case Will Occupy Several Days.

The White-Brewer case is still attracting great attention in commom Pleas court, the court room being crowded all day. The plaintiff is still on the stand and the probabilities are that the case will not be finished for at least several days.

Dismissed.

The divorce case of Elizabeth Ellen Hull vs James C Hull, was to have been heard before Judge Robb this morning, but as the couple had reunited, and were as happy as larks, the case was dismissed.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

W. S. Neiberger and wife to Amelia Wilson, inlot 5016 in Ashton's addition; $30.

Katherina Schmidt et al. to Charles Nuehbauer, part of inlot 940 in Overmyer's addition; $939.

Frank W. Morgan and wife to Julius N. Morgan, parts of inlots 2061 and 2082 in Hughes' addition, $1,000.

Felix Kindly, Jr. and wife to Dina Luersman, part of outlot 35 in Delphos, $800.

W. L Goodenow and wife to Nelson Stevenson, five acres in Auglaize township, $400.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William A. Mowery, aged 46, of Shawnee township, and Jennie Meyers, aged 34, of Jennett, Pa. Rev. Eckhart to officiate.

Thomas Ruffin, aged 33, and Virgia Ramsey, aged 26, both of Lima.

PROBATE MATTERS.

Wm. M. Knittle, guardian of Grover C. Knittle, et al. minors, petitioned to lease for oil.

IN THE HOSPITAL

Mrs A E Baker, of This City, Passes Away This Morning.

Mrs A E Baker, whose residence is on south Main street, who has been in a Toledo hospital undergoing an operation, passed away at that institution this morning and the remains were brought to this city at four o'clock this afternoon.

Deceased was taken to Toledo last Saturday and was operated upon for cancer. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

"I wouldn't be without DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for any consideration," writes Thos B Rhodes, Centerfield, O. Infallible for piles, cuts, burns and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. H F Vorthamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

James S Kirk & Co's Jap Rose Glycerine Soap at the Lima Tea Co.

If you don't think Watson's Butterine is better than Country Butter go and get your money back.

THE MARKETS.

Quotations received daily by private wire by the G. R. Bentle Commission Co., dealers in all New York stocks and Chicago grain and provisions. Room 17, opera house block. New phone 286.

Wheat—Dec: Opening, 69½; high, 69½; low, 68½; close, 68⅝. May: Opening, 73½; high, 73¼; low, 72¾; close 72⅞.

Corn—Dec: Opening, 31; high, 31⅛; low, 30⅝; close, 30⅞. May: Opening, 32⅜: high, 32½; low, 32¼; close, 32⅜.

Oats—Dec: Opening, 22⅝; high, 22⅝; low, 22¼; close 22½-¾; May: Opening, 24; high, 24; low, 23⅞; close, 23⅞ 24.

Liverpool Cables—Wheat opened ¼ lower; closed ⅝ lower. Corn opened ¼ lower; closed ⅝ lower. Puts, 68⅛; calls, 69½.

Jeffries-Sharkey fight returns will be received by the Oak to-morrow evening.

PEARL BREAKS JAIL.

Young Woman Stage Robber Cuts Her Way to Liberty.

Hole in the Wall Shows How She Escaped—Promised to Evade Laws Framed by Men—The Story of Her Crime.

Pearl Hart, the female stage robber incarcerated at Tucson, A. T., awaiting trial on an indictment in the United States court, broke jail the other morning by cutting a 15-inch opening through the wall ten feet above the level of her cell floor. It is supposed that she had a confederate and is attired in male attire.

A few days ago she declared that she would never submit to be tried under the laws neither she nor her sex had a voice in making.

Pearl Hart is the woman who helped hold up the stage between Globe and Florence on Monday, May 29. She did the work after the manner of a master hand. She and her companion, Joe Boot, were captured a few days later by Sheriff Truman.

The stage was lumbering along through the hills with nothing of unusual interest to disturb the monotony of travel, when two persons attired in mountain dress suddenly appeared from behind a clump of bushes. With revolvers cocked and held with steady aim, they gave the old-time frontier order to "stand and deliver."

The distance from Globe to Florence is 65 miles over a country inhabited by an occasional prospector, hunter or band of roving cowboys driving the range. Midway between the two places or the banks of the Gila river lies Riverside. Between Riverside and Globe the country is so rough as to be impassable, except on the stage road. Talk, craggy peaks rapidly give place to narrow, winding canyons. Formerly there was much freighting to Globe over this road, but this is now done away with by a railroad which reaches the camp from another direction. It was in this lonely

PEARL HART.
(As She Appeared in the Jail Yard at Tucson, Ariz.)

country, nearer to Riverside than Globe, the robbery occurred.

"Hold up, there!" the cry rang out, as the two figures, with revolvers leveled, stepped into the road before the fast-driving stage. The driver pulled up the horses with a tug that nearly set them on their haunches.

The situation was not realized, though two passengers had loaded six-shooters, until they were safely covered by the weapons and commanded to line up for inspection.

The driver had nothing to lose. One passenger, O. J. Neill, who is well known in the territory, was relieved of $200, a six-shooter and a gold watch and chain. About $60 was taken from the other two passengers, besides a revolver.

It all occurred in a few minutes, but not so quickly but the driver and the passengers had time to take numerous mental notes.

Both robbers were attired in men's clothing, but it was observed that while one did the robbing the smaller of the two, a short distance away, held deadly aim on the little party with never a tremor of the small white hands. While not a sound escaped the lips of the determined face that peered from behind the big revolver, the stature, general appearance and the partial view of the features of the smaller robber proclaimed undeniably the fact that it was a woman.

There have been female highwaymen before, but never a woman stood forth more sublimely self-poised in such a dramatic scene. Her conduct would have done credit to the tutelage of Black Bart or any hero of the tales related in the border histories.

After the hold-up, which was accomplished without the waste of a cartridge or the disturbing of even a jackrabbit, the stage was allowed to proceed. Mr. O'Neill stopped off at Riverside and at once began arranging a plan of pursuit. The stage, with its passengers, continued the journey to Florence, where Sheriff Truman was informed. He joined Neill at Riverside, and the little posse took to the hills. The capture was made at night in the brush in the hills near Benson.

The woman showed fight, and taunted her companion for allowing himself to be taken without a battle. The officers found in the woman's possession a sack containing $400 and a gold watch belonging to Neill, one of the stage passengers.

On being taken to Florence the woman was recognized as Pearl Hart, who is well known throughout Arizona and southern California. She is about 25 years old, of medium height, with dark hair and blue eyes. Some of her friends say that she planned the robbery in order to obtain funds to take her to Ohio, where her mother was seriously ill. Boot is a dissolute character, who frequented the dives of Phoenix.

CHARLES E. MACRUM.

United States Consul at Pretoria, Now in Charge of English Interests in the Transvaal.

Charles E. Macrum, United States consul at Pretoria, capital of the Transvaal, is a citizen of East Liverpool, O. His importance at the present time is due to the fact that he is not only looking after American interests in South Africa, but is also representing those of the British by request of the London government. Mr. Macrum is only 33 years old, but he has already demonstrated his superior ability and firmness of character, which will stand him in good stead in the trying days of

CHARLES E. MACRUM.
(United States Consul at Pretoria, South Africa.)

the present war. He was born in Pittsburgh, and is a son of N. C. Macrum. The family, while the consul was quite young, moved from the smoky city to Fair Oaks, a suburb of Pittsburgh, and subsequently went to Ohio, the father being appointed cashier of the First national bank at East Liverpool. Mr. Macrum has spent nearly all his life in East Liverpool, receiving his education in the schools of that city. After completing his education he became interested in a glass factory, where he held an important place until his appointment in the consular service. President McKinley in 1897 first decided to send Mr. Macrum as consul to the island of Hayti, but the present incumbent, by means of political influence, succeeded in retaining the place. When the consulship at Pretoria was created the place was tendered to and accepted by Mr. Macrum. He began his duties there early in 1897. The consul was married in 1892 to Miss Dora McHenry, of East Liverpool, the society leader of the city, and she has been one of the most popular women in the American colony at Pretoria since her husband has been consul. She was the hostess of the colony at an elaborate banquet given there last Fourth of July, and her husband acted efficiently as the toastmaster. Consul Macrum is thoroughly wrapped up with the work of his office in the South African republic, and he writes to his friends that he is the recipient of every consideration from President Kruger and the officials of that country. He was in hopes that the war now started might be averted, for he has great admiration for the sturdy Dutch. In politics Consul Macrum is a republican, and his influence among the younger members of the party in Ohio is strong.

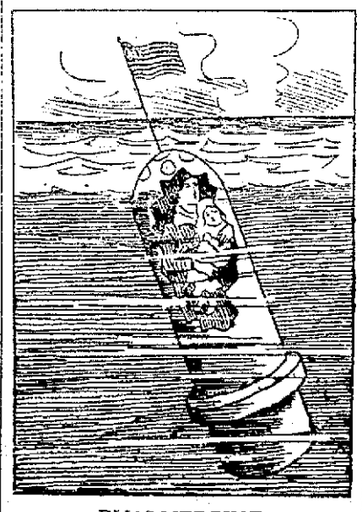
LIFE-SAVING DEVICE.

The Elias Buoy Promises to Do Away with All of the Terrible Horrors of Shipwreck.

Charles Elias, who lives at Peter Foley's cottage at Great Neck, L. I., has started on a career of philanthropy.

He has invented a life saving apparatus, and instead of at once patenting it so as to get a "take-off," or profit, on all lives saved by it, he gives it to the public.

It was the recent distressing shipwreck of the Norwegian bark Drot,



ELIAS LIFE BUOY.
(It Does Away with All the Horrors of Shipwreck.)

whose castaway crew resorted to cannibalism, that caused Mr. Elias to try to devise a remedy for such disasters. The apparatus which he has invented is a water-tight barrel-shaped aluminium case seven feet high, and weighing but 12 pounds. This is weighted with lead at the bottom to insure its standing upright in the water. It is made in two halves, which open with rubber hinges on one side, and fasten together on the other side.

It is large enough around to hold a big man, or a woman and child. At first it might be imagined that it would be hard to get inside this peculiar life preserver. But by opening the aluminium cylinder a person may step into it and shut it after him as easily as one goes through a door and closes it after him. The cylinder is made water-tight with clamps on the inside. On the outside it looks like a buoy.

THE CAPITOL,

J. J. HAEGE, Prop.,

Saloon, Restaurant and Pool Room.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND BEER
ALWAYS ON HAND BEST
BRAND OF CIGARS
FOUND HERE.

Restaurant

Open all night. Oysters served in all styles and for sale by pint or quart.

Your Last Chance

To get a life sized India Ink Portrait for 98 cents enlarged from any small pictures, correct likeness guaranteed.

FOR 10 DAYS ONLY.

I will continue to make these pictures at this price

PROF. T. A STANLEY,
109 East Wayne Street.

WANTED—Bids for burying 8,000 feet of pipe line. W A Matteson, care of Oak Restaurant. 3t

Jeffries-Sharkey fight returns will be received by the Oak to-morrow evening.

The ladies of the Market street Presbyterian Church will serve supper Friday evening, Nov. 3d, from 5 to 7.

Menu:

Cold Ham. Cold Tongue.
Escalloped Oysters. Baked Beans
Cabbage Salad.
Pickles. Bread and Butter,
Canned Fruit. Cake. Coffee.
Price, 25c.

TO TAKE THE KEELEY CURE.

Attorney C F Bryan was taken to Marysville, this morning, where he will take the Keeley cure.

Hoosier whole wheat Pancake Flour.

Geo Noland, Rockland. O, says, "My wife had piles forty years. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

The NEWS want column is the real thing.

Mrs W S Plummer and family, of 941 St St Johns avenue are visiting friends and relatives for a few weeks at Toledo.

Frankel Bros will receive by special wire the Jeffries-Sharkey fight to-morrow night.

AMERICANS MOST POLITE.

The Men Always Give a Woman Right of Way on a Muddy Street Crossing.

A little party in the Michigan Central station the other day, fell into quite a serious discussion of manners, while they waited for the train. One asserted that the Frenchman is the most polite man on earth. He was contradicted by the second, who stood up for the manly politeness of the Englishman, while the third openly declared that the American holds the palm, says the Detroit Free Press.

At this the others laughed. "The American hasn't time to be polite," one of them said.

"Have you ever seen people of different countries cross a muddy street and noticed what their manners are when they meet a lady in the middle?"

"No," they both replied.

"Well, this is what happens," went on the third man. "The Englishman simply bows and plods right along through, splashing mud all over the woman's skirt. The German doesn't see her at all, but plods and splashes: while the Frenchman takes off his hat, bows low with his hand over his heart, and apologizes, but he keeps right on splashing by, nevertheless. Now, with the American it's different. He looks up, sees the woman, steps to one side in a puddle, and stands very still until she has passed."

Gun as a Cigarette Case.

There is more than one way of carrying cigarettes about, as was shown by soldiers marching in the Dewey land parade in New York. Cigarettes carried in a closely-buttoned and belted uniform would be hard to get at. So some men carried them in their guns; they were safe there and easy to get at. When the column halted a soldier who had thus provided himself would tip his gun muzzle forward, and out would slip a cigarette, which he would light and smoke in the brief halt. This illustration of the use of a gun for a cigarette case never failed to interest the spectators.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSLETS.

A Column of City Happenings Made Brief for Busy Readers.

W. R. C Notice.

The W R C will meet in Memorial hall today to quilt and will meet every Tuesday until further notice. Chairman.

West Street Property Owners.

South West street property owners are urged to meet with the paving committee tomorrow evening at seven o'clock in the engineer's office.

Pleurisy.

T K Wilkins, the insurance man, is sick at his home suffering from pleurisy.

A Big Audience.

Dr Beardsley's first illustrated lecture drew a large audience, and the Congregational church was packed with a very intelligent class of people last night, when the doctor cooked a dinner on the platform. Dr Beardsley is a forcible speaker, who knows how to interest and instruct his hearers.

Thrown From a Car.

Mrs C H Little, of 704 Bellefontaine avenue, fell from a car at the transfer station and was severely bruised.

R w S H Bossart, the new minister for the St Paul Lutheran church, arrived in this city last evening from Buffalo, and with his family is being entertained at the residence of J H Stolzenbach, 128 south Pierce street.

Judge Richie was in Cincinnati yesterday.

Miss Bessie Clark is home from Sharon, Penn.

Neal Roush started yesterday for Northern Wisconsin to enjoy a hunt.

Mrs John Stickley, of Van Wert, is in the city, called here by the sickness of a relative.

J D Mertz and family attended the funeral of his sister-in-law, Mrs Mertz, at Wapakoneta yesterday.

Quail Season.

It is but ten days until the opening of the quail season, and the sportsmen of this city are looking forward to that date with much pleasure. The birds are reported very plentiful.

A great big bottle of Blueing, and good too, at the Lima Tea Co for which the price is but 10c or 3 for 25c.

Watson's Butterine is Better than Butter.

Returns pertaining to the Jeffries and Sharkey fight will be received at Heisel & O'Brien's, 214 east Market street, Friday evening, Nov. 3. 1-2t

Best of all Coffee reaches the heart, soul, stomach, and satisfies the appetite of the masses. Lima Tea Co Roasters.

IN OILDOM.

Pumpers Advanced.

Hartford City, Ind., Nov 1.—The Ohio Oil company, the operating branch of the Standard Oil company, has announced an advance in wages of oil pumpers in the Indiana field of $5 a month, to take effect at once. The men will now receive $60 a month and about 500 men are affected.

Oil Market Steady.

There was no change in the price of oil this morning. The advance of yesterday is sufficient to last for a few days.

Oil Markets.

Tiona,	1.71
Scio	1.66
Pennsylvania,	1.56
Barnesville,	1.46
Corning,	1.39
New Castle,	1.31
North Lima,	1.12
South Lima,	1.07
Indiana.	1.07

Returns pertaining to the Jeffries and Sharkey fight will be received at Heisel & O'Brien's, 214 east Market street, Friday evening, Nov. 3. 1-2t

NOTHING NICER

For a Christmas present than a set of Dishes, providing the Dishes are all right. If you will look over the Stock at the Lima Tea Co you will be agreeably suprised, both as to quality and price.

The Elk will receive the returns from the Jeffries-Sharkey fight tomorrow night.

MONKEYS AND TRUSTS.

Story of a New Orleans Simian That Likes to Hold On to the Pennies He Collects.

"I have always claimed that Darwin had things wrong-end to," said a Baronne street philosopher to a New Orleans Times-Democrat reporter, "and instead of man being highly developed monkeys, monkeys are nothing but degenerate men. I had this theory strongly confirmed the other day, while I was strolling down Rampart street. Standing near the corner of Canal was an organ grinder with a monkey attached to a long cord. The monkey wore a red jacket and a military cap and displayed

GRABBED BY THE TAIL.

an abnormal energy in hustling for small coin. He hopped nimbly from one spectator to another, holding out his paw, and whenever he received a contribution he would stuff it immediately into his pocket.

"Presently the organ grinder called upon him to disgorge, and to my great surprise the monkey ran out to the end of his tether and showed every sign of rage and indignation. He clutched his pocket convulsively, and when the man tried to approach he clawed at him like a wildcat. It was perfectly clear to my mind that that monkey was the descendant of a long line of monkey-grabbing ancestors, and was merely exhibiting his hereditary instincts. At any rate, he stood off the organ grinder to the great delight of the crowd, and the fellow turned blue with wrath. At last he took a very unfair advantage. He reeled up the string, lifted the poor beast from the ground, grabbed him by the tail and held him reverse in mid-air. Fifteen cents in coppers dropped out of his pocket, and as they hit the sidewalk the monkey emitted a howl of grief that was audible half way to the Clay statue. Then his owner tied him to a tree and proceeded to gather up the coin.

"The sorrow of the monk while he watched the operations was really pathetic, but when I passed their way half an hour later he was hustling around for pennies as eagerly as ever. If that animal was loose in his native wilds I'll bet he'd organize a cocoanut trust inside of ten days."

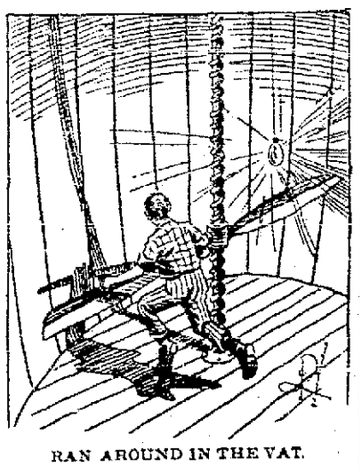
RACE FOR HIS LIFE.

Brewery Workman's Thrilling Experience Among Two Immense Whirling Knives.

Abraham Sapiro had a thrilling race for his life in a beer vat at Katz Bros. brewery here, says a Paterson, N. J., communication to an exchange. He won the race and saved his life.

The vat, which is used for mashing the malt, was empty and Sapiro went into it to repair one of the two big steel knives which revolve from a shaft in the center and mix the malt. While working away Sapiro was startled to see the knives commence to move. Thomas McKay, the engineer, not knowing that Sapiro was in the vat, had set the knives in motion.

Paced by one of the sharp instruments and chased by another, Sapiro



RAN AROUND IN THE VAT.

ran around in the slippery vat at top speed. For five minutes the race for life continued. Finally Sapiro's cries attracted the attention of McKay, who came running to the side of the vat. He was so terrified by what he saw that he became rooted to the ground and in a daze watched the chase. Sapiro cried desperately for help. The shaft had reached its maximum speed and the man between the knives could not last long. In the meantime a slip on the copper bottom meant a horrible death. Sapiro was on his last legs when workmen from other parts of the building heard his cries and stopped the machinery. The runner fell to the bottom of the vat exhausted. He was unhurt.

New Style of Typewriter.

A typewriter invented by an Englishman has a device by which vertical columns of figures can be written as readily as they can be set in type. By means of a special line space key the operator is enabled to write all over the paper, the whole width of the paper, or in narrow columns, at will.

SUES FOR DIVORCE.

Strange Matrimonial Experience of Mrs. Florence Hardy.

Married by a Man Who Did Not Want Her Himself, But Was Determined to Injure a Rival Whom He Disliked.

A wife barely five minutes and then deprived of the title by the husband who has promised a deathless union is, according to the Chicago Chronicle, the heart-suffering experience of Mrs. Florence L. Hardy, of Washington, D. C.

The remarkable and pathetic experience came to her five years ago. Mrs. Hardy is now suing for legal divorce from her husband, George M. Hardy. Every effort is being made to keep the details of the affair from publicity. The woman's lawyer will not reveal her maiden name. The suit was filed in the district court two weeks ago. The restoration of her maiden name is not asked. So great is her modesty that pending the suit Mrs. Hardy has immured herself at the home of her parents in a quiet country village of Virginia several miles from Washington.

At the time of her romance she was a clerk in the post office department. In her boarding house her beauty and vivacity made her the envy of the ladies and the adored of the men. She could have married any of a half-dozen suitors. Hardy was one of them, though less ardent than the rest. It was observed that when none of his rivals was around Hardy treated her distantly. But the appearance of other suitors in her train inflamed his passion apparently.

At such times he would not let her out of his sight. Finally Hardy learned that she was engaged to another. This made him desperate. He wooed. This led to a "tiff" between her fiance and herself. The quarrel afforded Hardy his opportunity. This was in August, 1894. With passionate protestations of

MARRIED AND DESERTED IN AN HOUR.

love Hardy begged her to go to Baltimore with him and become his wife. Hesitating but a moment, she hurriedly donned her handsomest gown—a white confection of fluffy white laces—and on a morning train she fled to the monumental city with Hardy. The procurement of the marriage license was attended with no difficulty, as they both presented themselves to the marriage clerk. Hardy left her at the Hotel Rennert while he hunted up a minister of her faith—Presbyterian. The church organist also was found and feed liberally to play the soft, pleading tones of Mendelssohn's famous march as the bridal couple, unattended, walked from the door to the chancel. It was all as she had arranged. There was no wedding ring. The ceremony did not require it, nor did she in her agitation demand it.

From the church they hastened in a carriage back to the Baltimore & Ohio depot. They had been in Baltimore only five hours. She had been his bride only the length of time required to ride from the church to the train which bore her back to Washington, when, assisting her into a car, Hardy spoke the words which sent her home with her heart crushed and bleeding.

"I do not love you," he said, "as a husband should love a wife. You see, I didn't want a wife at all. All I wanted was to freeze out those other fellows. I couldn't bear the thought of seeing you married to another man. Good-by forever."

With this Hardy darted back into the crowd. Scarcely realizing the terrible import of his words, she staggered, half fainting, into the car. She sat like one dazed as the train rumbled back into Washington. Not a hint of the marriage did she give anyone. Hoping against hope, she nursed the stinging secret in her bosom for a year, believing that her husband would come to claim her. Finally she told her great secret to a girl friend and showed the marriage certificate. Soon it became known in her whole circle of acquaintances.

Hardy, a telegraph operator, disappeared from Washington for three years after his strange conduct. Several times during the last two years Hardy has been in Washington and remained several weeks. On neither occasion did he call upon his widowed wife. Once she met him face to face in Pennsylvania avenue. He bowed to her like a Chesterfield and lost himself in the crowd. In despair, Mrs. Hardy has sued him for divorce.

A Magnificent Thimble.

The queen of Siam owns a thimble which was a present from her royal husband. It is made in the shape of a lotus bud, of the finest gold, and is studded with diamonds, which are so arranged that they form their names and the date of their marriage.

THE BROKER

CLOTHING STORE,

223 SOUTH MAIN STREET. DONZE BLOCK.

. . THE GREAT . .

Consignment Sale.

Where a big line of ladies' and children's clothes have been consigned to us and will be sold regardless of cost. We are going to have the greatest sale ever offered in Lima, and the Brokerage Clothing Store will give you the greatest chance of your life.

We have purchased several stocks this summer, that have been placed at force sale, at very low rices, and the merchants were compelled to retire from business. These goods are of the better class and were purchased from some of the best firms of the country. The summer goods were offered by us a short time since and sold to our patrons in Lima and Allen county; and they are aware and tknow that they are truly bargains.

We will now commence with the Winter Goods which we will sell at equally as low prices as our summer sale and all goods will be sold at a bargain. These stocks consist of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Ready-Made Goods, latest style and best qualities, all of which are marked in plain figures and at very low prices, and this will be the greatest opportunity and the greatest sale for Lima and Allen county. Come early and avail yourself of this chance as these goods cannot be duplicated.

And our store will be kept open evenings to permit those who are unable to attend during the day to avail themselves of this great opportunity.

Ladies Department.

Lots of ladies cloth capes trimmed with fur regular $2.25 garments, now 99c.

Finer grade worth $3.75 for 1.99.

Lots of high grade capes latest style, worth from $10 to 15.00 will be sold at $5 to 6.00.

Fine plush Capes were 3.50 now 1.69.

A lot of ladies and misses beaver jackets made in latest styles light and dark colors, worth from $6 to 15.00, go at 3.50 to 7.50.

Fine line of Golf Capes and Cloth Capes at very low price.

A lot of nice fancy jackets, ages 8 to 12, formerly sold at $4, to 5.50, now go at $1.99 to 3.25.

If you have children in need, don't miss this bargain.

Big line of ladies wrappers at 50c and 85c worth double the money.

A big line of under skirts 50c, 65c and 90c, worth double the money.

A big line of over skirts wool and silk, high grade, worth from $2 to 10.00, will go at half price.

Big line of ladies fine mackintoshes in cassimere, double cape, worth $6 to 8.00, will go at $3.50.

Babies cloaks go at 59c to 1.75.

Big line childs and babies caps, plush and silk, worth from 50c to $1, go at 15 and 25c.

Ladies' and Children's Underwear Department.

Large line ribbed vests and drawers worth 40c, go at 22 1-2c a garment.

A heavy ribbed union suit worth 65c, now 35c.

Fine quality union suits worth 75c, now go at 45c.

Natural wool and camel hair underwear for ladies worth $1, now 50c a garment.

Ladies' ribbed underwear, fine wool, white and grey, worth $1.25, now go at 50c a garment.

A big line of ladies' single drawers, all wool merino, worth from 50c to $1.25 a garment, now go at 25c to 50c.

Large line children's heavy ribbed vests worth 10 to 20c, now go at 5c.

A heavy fleeced lined ribbed union suit, age 6 to 14, worth 35c, now go at 22c.

Heavy fleeced lined boys' shirt and drawers worth 50c a garment, now go at 25c.

All wool boys' shirt and drawers go at 35c.

Hosiery Department.

Ladies black hose worth 10c, now 4c.

Ladies fine seamless fast black hose worth 15c, now 8c.

Ladies fine seamless fast black ribbed hose, worth 15c, now 8c.

Heavy grade fleeced lined fast black ladies hose, worth 20c; now 10c.

Ladies all wool hose, now 15c and 19c.

Mixed lot childrens hose at 2c.

Fast black hose in children's sizes worth 10c, now 5c.

Childrens heavy good ribbed seamless hose, worth 15c, now 8c.

Heavy grade fleeced lined childrens hose, worth 20c, now 10c.

Lisle thread hose 25c, now 10c.

Big line all wool hose, ages 5 to 14, worth 25c, now go at 10c and 12c.

A big line of Jersey gloves, heavy and good quality, worth 25c, now 10c.

A big line of ladies and childrens wool mits go at half price.

Clothing Department Specialty.

A big line of dress overcoats, fine quality, will go for very little money. These goods were bought from the Globe Clothing Store of Cincinnati, under the hammer, and we purchased them at our own price.

Black beaver overcoats with velvet collars, worth $7.50, now 4.50

Black beaver overcoats velvet collars better grade, worth $8, now $5.

Fine beaver overcoats, satin lined best make worth $12, now 7.50.

Extra fine Kersey tailor made New York styles,, black lined, worth $15, now 9.00.

The best grade Kersey tailor made, raw edges; black and blue, worth $18, now 10.00

Top coats, light colors at $5 to 7.50, worth double the money.

A big line of storm coats for $2.50 to 7.50, worth double the money.

A big lot of youths overcoats, ages 12 to 19, at $2.50, 3.50 and 4.40, worth double the price.

Childrens overcoats from 90c up.

Single work coats, jeans, etc. 75c

Single vests jeans 30c.

Boy's reefers from $1.50 to 3.50, worth double the money.

Duck coats, rubber inside, from $1.15 up.

Big line of children's suits at very low price.

Scotch wool knit jackets $2.00, now 99c.

A big line of men's pants from 50c to $3.50, worth double the money.

Umbrellas were 75c to $1.00, will go at 40c to 59c.

Don't miss this great sale, as it is the greatest of great opportunities. These goods are not preserved but are bread and butter for you. Don't fail to come and see for yourself and be convinced. Everything marked plain with figures.

The Broker Clothing Store,

223 South Main Street, Lima, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

American Publishers at Paris

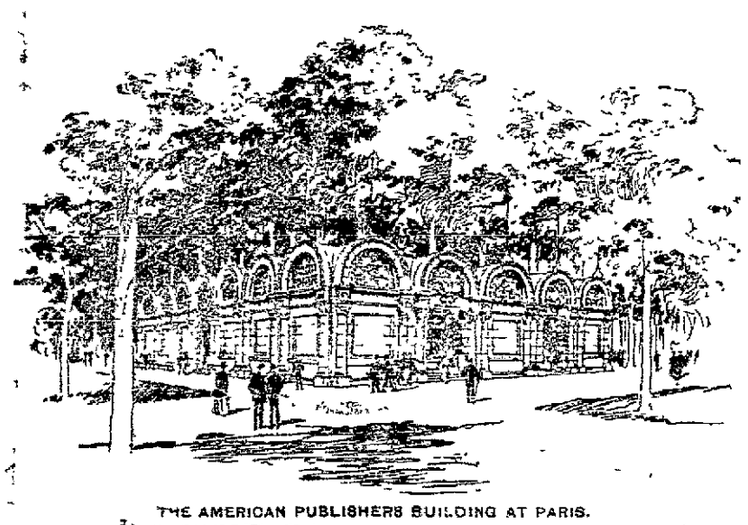
A Special Building Is Being Erected for Their Accommodation and the Exhibit of American Periodicals.

NOT the least of the many important exhibits which this country will make at Paris next year will be that devoted to the publishing interests of America. It will embrace all features of the printing and publishing business of the country, from the card-printing job office to the office of the metropolitan dailies. In the building devoted to the purpose, which is now being constructed and will be finished early in the new year, there will be on file practically all of the leading American publications, dailies, weeklies and monthlies.

Commissioner General Peck believes that there are no more progressive set of men in America than the publishers, and it is as a compliment to this progressiveness that he advised the erection of a building devoted to their interests.

This edifice will be an annex to the department of liberal arts and chemical industries, of which A. S Capehart is director. This building is for the exclusive exhibition of American printing house machinery and allied interests, and in it will be maintained a headquarters for the publishers of the United States. These headquarters, as well as the building, will be under the charge of Charles H. Simms, assistant director of the department of liberal arts and chemical industries.

The building will be unique both in the character of its construction and appearance. It will be situated immediately adjoining the main exhibit palace in the Esplanade des Invalides section of the exposition, the palace in which will be displayed the manufactured products of the United States, such as decorations and furnishings of public and private buildings, silverware, jewelry, stationery, ceramics, etc.



THE AMERICAN PUBLISHERS BUILDING AT PARIS.

The ground to be occupied by the Publishers' building is studded with a series of shade trees. The interior will resemble a large gallery made up of a series of domes supported by ornamented columns, the whole handsomely and appropriately decorated.

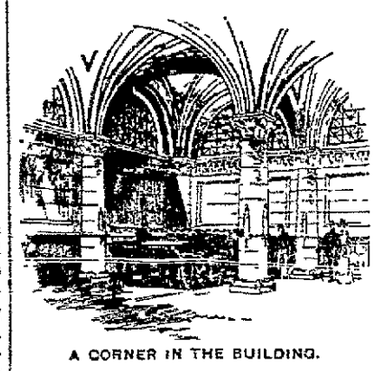
In about the center of this building—which, it will be observed, is to be one continuous exhibit hall—will be located the space known as the publishers' headquarters. These quarters will be equipped with appropriate furniture and modern conveniences for correspondence, mail, telegraphic, messenger and other necessary service, and will be available to United States publishers as a general rendezvous and meeting place; and at these headquarters United States publishers who may desire courtesies from the exposition authorities will be expected to register.

Around these headquarters will be installed the exhibits of American printing house machinery, appliances and supplies. These, for obvious reasons, cannot be described in detail at this time. It is enough to say, however, that they will comprise in their composite, as well as in sequence form, an exhibit which will include practically

A. S. CAPEHART.

all of the very latest, most novel and efficient machinery, appliances, devices, methods and processes now employed in modern United States commercial, publishing and newspaper printing establishments—beginning with the handling of the single movable type, in a well arranged and perfectly equipped commercial printing office; the various machines for the mechanical composition of type, the latest appliances for the practice of electro-deposition processes, a complete commercial bookbinding establishment, introducing the latest automatic machinery for this class of work; various styles of embossing, scoring, mezzotint, color and block-printing presses, and an up-to-date multiple newspaper perfecting machine of large capacity.

In this building every publisher in the United States will be accorded an opportunity to display his publications. All that is required is that he send to the commissioner general a bound volume of his periodical, and then, beginning with March 1 of next year, mail copies of the periodicals to be exhibited



A CORNER IN THE BUILDING.

in the building to the commissioner general at Paris regularly at each issue.

That such an exhibit will prove of interest, not alone to the people from America visiting the exposition, but to the people of the entire world may be easily imagined. There is nothing in which American supremacy is greater than in its publications. They will undoubtedly prove a valuable object lesson to the publishers and readers of the entire English-speaking world, and may help to revolutionize the publishing business of England and other nations.

Of the men who will have charge of this exhibit too much cannot be said of their fitness for their positions. Mr. Capehart has had ten years' experience with all the great expositions of recent times, while Mr. Simms supplies the intimate knowledge of the publishing

CHAS. H. SIMMS.

business that is needed, having been the publisher of the Dayton (O.) Daily News for several years. Mr. Simms will also have charge of the courtesies extended by the French government to the representatives of the American press.

As the exposition authorities have provided for just such an exhibit as this is to be, all periodicals entered will be officially entered for reward.

BERNHARD BRISTOL.

Fault with the Passengers.

"Conductor, why are the cars so small on this line? They are always uncomfortable."

"The cars are not too small. The passengers are too big." — Fliegende Blaetter.

They Are Strangers.

Mrs. Mix—Are you on speaking terms with your next-door neighbor?

Mrs. Nix—Why, I'm not even on borrowing terms with her!—Yonkers Statesman.

Would Say Plenty.

Judge—Have you anything to say, prisoner?

Prisoner—No, your honor. I expect what you say'll be plenty.—Spare Moments.

A Slander.

Casey—They say Mulligan bates his woife.

Clancy—It's a lie. He may thry to, but he's not in her class at all, at all.—N. Y. Journal.

And Will Never Get Out.

Yeast—Has Styles run into anything since he got his automobile?

Crimsonbeak—Yes; he ran into debt getting it.—Yonkers Statesman.

CENSUS OF HAWAII

It Will Be Taken by Alatau T. Atkinson, a Leading Citizen of the New Territory.

Alatau T. Atkinson, who has recently been appointed special agent of the census bureau for Hawaii, is one of the most thoroughly American men of the Hawaiian islands, notwithstanding he is of Siberian birth and English parentage. He was born in Kopal, western Siberia, November 16, 1848. His father, says Leslie's Weekly, was an artist and traveler, T. W. Atkinson, the author of "Oriental and Western Siberia" and the "Upper and Lower Amoor," books that were for many years the source of most

ALATAU T. ATKINSON
(Appointed to Take the Census of Hawaii Territory.)

that was currently written about then little known Siberia. His mother was a writer as well, being the author of "Tartar Tents and Their Inhabitants," a charmingly-written account of the domestic and family life of that strange people. Alatau T. Atkinson was educated at Rugby when Dr. Temple, now archbishop of Canterbury, was the principal. He married, when not yet 21, the daughter of Stephen Humble a well-known English portrait painter of his day. He went to Hawaii in 1869, and was principal of St. Alban's college, and later of the leading government school in the islands. From 1880 to 1887 he was editor of the Hawaiian Gazette, which made the newspaper fight against the reactionary and extravagant tendencies of Kalakaua's government. The victory in this fight was the so-called revolution of 1887, and the new constitution of that year, by which the powers of the king were limited and those of the people increased. He was inspector general of schools from 1887 to 1896, and secured the substition of English for Hawaiian as the medium of instruction in all the government schools. The Americanizing tendency of this measure can scarcely be overestimated. In 1896 he was superintendent of the census, and the census taken that year was the most complete ever taken in the islands. He was an influential member of the legislature of 1898.

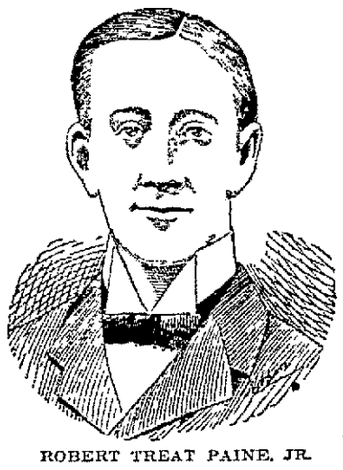
BORN AN ARISTOCRAT

Massachusetts' Democratic Candidate for Governor Is Noted for His Eccentricity.

Robert Treat Paine, Jr., was an advocate of the freer coinage of silver long before the Chicago platform was heard of, but what was regarded by his friends as a harmless eccentricity in 1894, when he was an executive officer of the Young Men's Democratic club, to which all the swell young mugwumps of Massachusetts at one time belonged, became an unpardonable heresy in 1896. But he remained a silver democrat and was the most energetic spirit in the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club of 1896.

He is 33 years old, good-looking, polished, and, like all the Paines, tall and slender.

In his short career he has done some things that indicated his striking inde-



ROBERT TREAT PAINE, JR.
(Democratic Candidate for Governor of Massachusetts.)

pendence of character. At a dinner early last year of the Masssachusetts Reform club, an organization of many of the most distinguished men of the state, he startled the conservative opponents of a war with Spain for Cuba's freedom by speaking in favor of a war, standing alone in his attitude among all the other members. He went further than the speech, however, for when war was declared he raised a military company and offered it to the governor, who declined its services. Thereupon Paine immediately enlisted as a private in the Massachusetts artillery and served in that capacity throughout the Spanish war. Nevertheless, he was one of the first to come out against the policy of the republican administration in the Philippine islands.

Robert Treat Paine, Jr., has followed the example of his father in traveling extensively.

The city house of the Paines is on the crest of Beacon Hill, Boston, in what has long been the aristocratic section of the city.

Long Hours and Small Pay.

A recent strike in the Munich brewery revealed the fact that the employes were kept busy 14 to 15 hours a day, and received only $15 and $17 a month.

FAMOUS PEOPLE'S EYES.

The duke of Wellington had, it is said, blue hawk's eyes gleaming with military genius.

Audubon, as became a naturalist, had "hawklike eyes that flashed like a searchlight and were ever on the alert for each movement of animated nature."

Charles Lamb is described as having glittering eyes, strangely dissimilar in color, one being hazel, the other having specks of gray in the iris, as you see red spots in the bloodstone.

According to Trelawney no man had brighter eyes than Byron; they were gray and fringed with long black lashes. Lady Blessington, writing of him a few months before his departure to Greece, adds that one eye was visibly larger than the other.

The most striking feature of Burns was his large dark eye. It was, we are told by one writer, "full of mind and literally glowed when he spoke with emotion or interest." Sir W. Scott, who knew the poet when he lived in Edinburgh, says: "I never saw such another eye in a human head, and I have seen the most distinguished men of my time."

Eyes, as we know, are apt to vary considerably in shades of color in the same individual from time to time—a fact that explains why Wordsworth's familiar description of Coleridge as a noticeable man with large gray eyes does not quite agree with Carlyle's impression that his eyes were of a light hazel, nor this again with the writer who found them "light gray prominent and of liquid brilliancy, as though the orb itself retreated to the innermost recesses of the brain."

Chatterton's brilliant gray eyes were his most remarkable feature. Under strong excitement one appeared brighter, and, as in the case of Byron, larger than the other. Calcott says: "It was like the eye of a hawk, and one could see his soul through it." Barnett "never saw such eyes, fire rolling at the bottom of them," and he confesses that he often purposely differed in opinion from Chatterton to see how wonderfully his eye would strike fire, kindle and blaze up.

CANADA IN ENGLISH MARKETS

The British cooperative wholesale societies do a yearly business of $60,000,000.

Canadian authorities claim that in 1898 Canada supplied 14 per cent of the total food importations of Great Britain.

The Canadian cheese trade has been one of steady growth. The value of the exportations to Great Britain in 1868 was only $548,574, last year it was $17,522,681.

The value of the total exports from Great Britain to the United States in 1898 was $138,677,558, a loss of 7.2 per cent. in five years. The value of the exports to Canada in 1898 was $28,372,680, a gain of 5.1 per cent. in five years.

The value of the total imports into Great Britain from the United States in 1898 was $612,662,073, a gain of 28.8 per cent. in five years; the value of Canadian imports in 1898 was $99,161,544, a gain of 38.7 per cent. in five years.

An American doing business in Liverpool shipping hides of American cattle slaughtered in Liverpool says he is doing a big trade in sending these hides to Canada to be tanned, the leather being brought back to England. Within six months he shipped in this way 20,000 hides. He says that they can be shipped from Liverpool to Montreal cheaper than they could be carried by rail from Chicago to Montreal.

CACAO CULTURE.

The pulp of the cacao pod is used as fodder for animals.

As an article of food cacao is very nutritious, healthful and nourishing.

Cacao is the principal element in chocolate and various kinds of confectionery.

Cacao was originally cultivated in Mexico by the Aztecs long prior to the Spanish conquest.

The "butter" of cacao is well known in medicine, and is used in the cure of skin diseases of all kinds with good results.

Cacao in Mexico was called "cacari," and the product was called "chocolatl," from which the word chocolate is derived.

Cacao requires a very warm and humid climate—77 to 86 degrees Fahrenheit—and copious rain. Rainfall and heat generally determine the annual productivity.

The shells of the seed of cacao, roasted and ground, are used for "cocoa," a drink well known in the countries of the temperate zone, but used in the tropics only by the poorer people.

The soil best adapted for the cacao plantations is one that is deep and moist, the root of this tree growing vertically downward to a considerable depth. Siliceous clay is especially preferred, on account of the phosphoric acid and potash required by the bean.

AN AFRIKANDER LEXICON.

"Dorp" is a village.

"Veld" means prairie.

"Spruit" is a small stream.

"Riem" is a leather thong.

"Voortrekkers" means pioneers.

"Kloof" is a hollow between two hills.

"Dissel-boom" is the pole of an ox-wagon.

"Kraal" means a collection of huts, not one hut. The word originally came from the Spanish.

"Sjambock," a thick strip of rhinoceros hide, used as a whip, came from the Malays, who were brought as slaves to Cape Colony in the seventeenth century.

"Boer" means a Cape Colonist of French or Dutch descent. It means literally a boor and naturally is not acceptable to the people it designates, who prefer to call themselves Afrikanders.

TEETH.

Extracted absolutely without pain, by an application to the gums.

Gold Filling ..... $1.00 up
Silver ..... 25c up

We are prepared to do the finest Gold work at a reasonable price; without pain.

Gold Crowns, 22 K $4.00
Porcelain Crowns $3.50

Our system of Crowning Teeth is the most successful yet devised for those teeth too frail to be filled.

Best Teeth $5.00
Set of Teeth $4.00

Open evenings, from 7 to 9.

Crown and Bridge Work or Teeth Without Plates.

Why wear a plate if you have a few teeth left, two or more. Come and consult us and we will explain our system of Bridge work, and tell you how the wearing of artificial teeth may be made a pleasure. Our system of Bridge work is unexcelled and attached without pain.

Open Sundays 9 to 12.

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Holmes Block, Rooms 22 and 23,
Take Elevator. J. A. CHAPPELL, Manager

You Will be Proud

Of your clothes if you have them made here. We give perfect satisfaction in quality, fit and finished. We take great pains with our customers. We want to keep their trade. If we get yours we know that we will keep it, as we can give satisfaction in every detail.

Sherman Werner & Co.,

Tailors, 303 North Main.

P. H. KELLY,

Bottling Works.

EXTRACT OF MALT

—AND—

Bottled Beer for Family Use a Specialty

Free delivery to all parts of the city

Bell Phone 521. 792 North Main Street

TRAFFIC CORNER

Grocery, Fritz & Keller, Props.

Everything good to eat and bargains every week. Always the cheapest.

Corner West Kibby and Metcalf Sts.

PRACTICAL PHYSIOLOGY.

"How We Ought to Live."

A course of five popular public LECTURES to ladies and gentlemen, scientific, instructive and amusing, by

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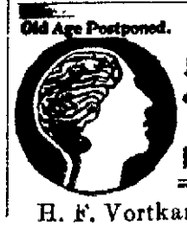

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CHAPTER IX.
POWDER AND ARMS.

Hispaniola lay some way out, e went under the figureheads and the sterns of many other ships, heir cables sometimes grated be- our keel and sometimes swung us. At last, however, we swung side and were met and saluted as epped aboard by the mate, Mr. a brown old sailor, with ear- in his ears and a squint. He and uire were very thick and friendly. soon observed that things were he same between Mr. Trelawney he captain.

last was a sharp-looking man seemed angry with everything on , and was soon to tell us why, for ad hardly got down into the cabin a sailor followed us.

pt. Smollett, sir, axing to speak you," said he.

am always at the captain's or- Show him in," said the squire. e captain, who was close behind essenger, entered at once and shut oor behind him.

ell, sir," said the captain, "better plain, I believe, at the risk of se. I don't like this cruise; I don't he men, and I don't like my officer. 's short and sweet."

erhaps, sir, you don't like the ?" inquired the squire, very angry, could see.

can't speak as to that, sir, not hav- seen her tried," said the captain. seems a clever craft; more I can't .

ossibly, sir, you may not like your loyer, either?" says the squire.

t here Dr. Livesey cut in.

ay a bit," said he, "stay a bit. No of such questions as that but to pro- ill feeling. The captain has said much or he has said too little, and bound to say that I require an ex- nation of his words. You don't, you like the cruise. Now, why?"

was engaged, sir, on what ye call ed orders, to sail this ship for that leman where he should bid me," the captain. "So far so good. But I find that every man before the t knows more than I do. I don't that fair, now, do you?"

o," said Dr. Livesey, "I don't."

ext," said the captain, "I learn we going after treasure—hear it from own hands, mind you. Now, treas- is ticklish work; I don't like treas- voyages on any account; and I don't them, above all, when they are et, and when (begging your par- Mr. Trelawney) the secret has n told to the parrot."

ilver's parrot?" asked the squire.

a way of speaking," said the ain. "Blabbed, I mean. It's my ef that neither of you gentlemen w what you are about; but I'll tell my way of it—life or death, and a e run."

That is all clear, and, I dare say, true ugh," replied Dr. Livesey. "We take risk; but we are not so ignorant as believe us. Next, you say you don't the crew. Are they not good sea- ?"

I don't like them, sir," returned t. Smollett. "And I think I should e had the choosing of my own hands, ou go to that."

Perhaps you should," replied the tor. "My friend should, perhaps, e taken you along with him; but the ht, if there be one, was unint- al. And you don't like Mr. Arrow?"

I don't, sir. I believe he's a good man; but he's too free with the crew be a good officer. A mate should p himself to himself—shouldn't k with the men before the mast!"

Do you mean he drinks?" cried the ire.

No, sir," replied the captain; "only t he is too familiar."

Well, now, and the short and long of captain?" asked the doctor. "Tell us at you want."

Well, gentlemen, are you determined go on this cruise?"

Like iron," answered the squire.

Very good," said the captain. "Then, you've heard me very patiently, say- things that I could not prove, hear a few words more. They are put- the powder and the arms in the hold. Now, you have a good place er the cabin; why not put them re?—first point. Then you are bring- four of your own people with you, they tell me some of them are to berthed forward. Why not give them berths here beside the cabin—sec- point."

Any more?" asked Mr. Trelawney.

One more," said the captain. here's been too much blabbing al- dy."

Far too much," agreed the doctor.

I'll tell you what I've heard my- ," continued Capt. Smollett: "That have a map of an island; that re's crosses on the map to show re the treasure is; and that the nd lies—" And then he named the tude and longitude exactly.

never told that," cried the squire, a soul!"

The hands know it, sir," returned captain.

ivesey, that must have been you or kins," cried the squire.

t doesn't much matter who it was," ied the doctor. And I could see neither he nor the captain paid h regard to Mr. Trelawney's pro- tions. Neither did I, to be sure, he so loose a talker; yet in this case lieve he was really right, and that dy had told the situation of the d.

Well, gentlemen," continued the cap- "I don't know who has this map; I make it a point, it shall be kept t even from me and Mr. Arrow. rwise I would ask you to let me re-

"I see," said the doctor. "You wish to keep this matter dark, and to make a garrison of the stern part of the ship, manned with my friend's own people, and provided with all the arms and powder on board. In other words, you fear a mutiny."

"Sir," said Capt. Smollett, "with no intention to take offense, I deny your right to put words into my mouth. No captain, sir, would be justified in going to sea at all if he had ground enough for that. As for Mr. Arrow, I believe him thoroughly honest; some of the men are the same; all may be for what I know. But I am responsible for the ship's safety and the life of every man Jack aboard of her. I see things going, as I think, not quite right. And I ask you to take certain precautions, or let me resign my berth. And that's all."

"Capt. Smollett," began the doctor, with a smile, "did ever you hear the fable of the mountain and the mouse? You'll excuse me, I dare say, but you remind me of that fable. When you came in here I'll stake my wig you meant more than this."

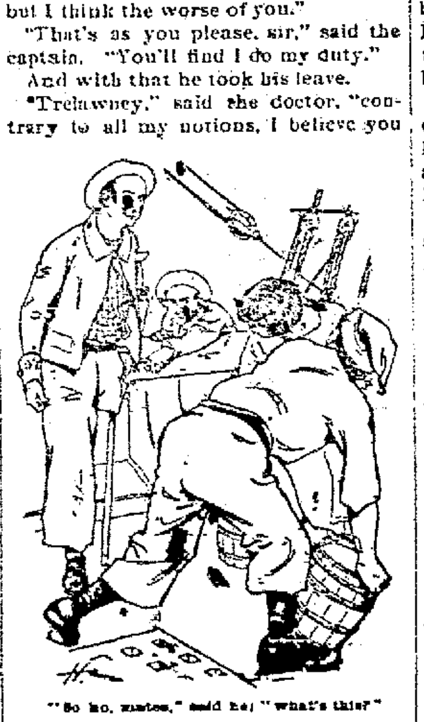
"Doctor," said the captain, "you are smart. When I came in here I meant to get discharged. I had no thought that Mr. Trelawney would hear a word."

"No more I would," cried the squire. "Had Livesey not been here I should have seen you to the deuce. As it is, I have heard you. I will do as you desire; but I think the worse of you."

"That's as you please, sir," said the captain. "You'll find I do my duty."

And with that he took his leave.

"Trelawney," said the doctor, "contrary to all my notions, I believe you



"So ho, mates," said he; "what's this?"

have managed to get two honest men on board with you—that man and John Silver."

"Silver, if you like," cried the squire; "but as for that intolerable humbug, I declare I think his conduct unmanly, unsailorly, and downright un-English."

"Well," says the doctor, "we shall see."

When he came on deck, the men had begun already to take out the arms and powder, yo-ho-ing at their work, while the captain and Mr. Arrow stood by superintending.

The new arrangement was quite to my liking. The whole schooner had been overhauled; six berths had been made astern, out of what had been the afterpart of the main hold; and this set of cabins was only joined to the galley and forecastle by a sparred passage on the port side. It had been originally meant that the captain, Mr. Arrow, Hunter, Joyce, the doctor, and the squire were to occupy these six berths. Now Redruth and I were to get two of them, and Mr. Arrow and the captain were to sleep on deck in the companion, which had been enlarged on each side till you might almost have called it a roundhouse. Very low it was still, of course; but there was room to swing two hammocks, and even the mate seemed pleased with the arrangement. Even he, perhaps, had been doubtful as to the crew, but that is only guess; for, as you shall hear, we had not long the benefit of his opinion.

We were all hard at work, changing the powder and the berths, when the last man or two, and Long John along with them, came off in a shore-boat.

The cook came up the side like a monkey for cleverness, and, as soon as he saw what was doing, "So ho, mates!" said he, "what's this?"

"We're a-changing the powder, Jack," answers one.

"Why, by the powers," cried Long John, "if we do, we'll miss the morning tide!"

"My orders!" said the captain, shortly. "You may go below, my man. Hands will want supper."

"Ay, ay, sir," answered the cook; and, touching his forelock, he disappeared at once in the direction of his galley.

"That's a good man, captain," said the doctor.

"Very likely, sir," replied Capt. Smollett. "Easy with that, men—easy," he ran on, to the fellows who were shifting the powder; and then suddenly observing me examining the swivel we carried amidships, a long brass nine—"Here, you ship's boy," he cried, "out o' that! Off with you to the cook and get some work."

And then, as I was hurrying off, I heard him say, quite loudly, to the doctor:

"I'll have no favorites on my ship."

I assure you I was quite of the squire's way of thinking, and hated the captain deeply.

CHAPTER X.
THE VOYAGE.

All that night we were in a great bustle getting things stowed in their place, and boatfuls of the squire's friends, Mr. Blandly and the like, coming off to wish him a good voyage and a safe return. We never had a night at the Admiral Benbow when I had half the work; and I was dog-tired when, a little before dawn, the boatswain sounded his pipe, and the crew began to man the capstan-bars. I might have been twice as weary, yet I would not have left the deck; all was so new and interesting to me—the brief commands, the shrill notes of the whistle, the men bustling to their places in the glimmer of the ship's lanterns.

"Now, Barbecue, tip us a stave," cried one voice.

"The old one," cried another.

"Ay, ay, mates," said Long John, who was standing by, with his crutch under his arm, and at once broke out in the air and words I knew so well:

"Fifteen men on the dead man's chest—"

And then the whole crew bore chorus:

"Yo-ho-ho, and a bottle of rum!"

And at the third "ho!" drove the bars before them with a will.

Even at that exciting moment it carried me back to the old Admiral Benbow in a second; and I seemed to hear the voice of the captain piping in the chorus. But soon the anchor was short up; soon it was hanging dripping at the bows; soon the sails began to draw, and the land and shipping to flit by on either side; and before I could lie down to snatch an hour of slumber the "Hispaniola" had begun her voyage to the Isle of Treasure.

I am not going to relate the voyage in detail. It was fairly prosperous. The ship proved to be a good ship, the crew were capable seamen, and the captain thoroughly understood his business. But before we came the length of Treasure Island, two or three things had happened which require to be known.

Mr. Arrow, first of all, turned out even worse than the captain had feared. He had no command among the men, and people did what they pleased with him. But that was by no means the worst of it; for after a day or two at sea he began to appear on deck with hazy eye, red cheeks, stuttering tongue, and other marks of drunkenness. Time after time he was ordered below in disgrace. Sometimes he fell and cut himself; sometimes he lay all day long in his little bunk at one side of the companion; sometimes for a day or two he would be almost sober and attend to his work at least passably.

In the meantime, we could never make out where he got the drink. That was the ship's mystery. Watch him as we pleased, we could do nothing to solve it; and when we asked him to his face, he would only laugh, if he were drunk, and if he were sober, deny solemnly that he ever tasted anything but water.

He was not only useless as an officer, and a bad influence amongst the men, but it was plain that at this rate he must soon kill himself outright; so nobody was much surprised, nor very sorry, when one dark night, with a head sea, he disappeared entirely and was seen no more.

"Overboard!" said the captain. "Well, gentlemen, that saves the trouble of putting him in irons."

But there we were, without a mate, and it was necessary, of course, to advance one of the men. The boatswain, Job Anderson, was the likeliest man aboard, and, though he kept his old title, he served in a way as mate. Mr. Trelawney had followed the sea, and his knowledge made him very useful, for he often took a watch himself in easy weather. And the cockswain, Israel Hands, was a careful, wily, old, experienced seaman, who could be trusted at a pinch with almost anything.

He was a great confidant of Long John Silver, and so the mention of his name leads me on to speak of our ship's cook, Barbecue, as the men called him.

Aboard ship he carried his crutch by a lanyard round his neck, to have both hands as free as possible. It was something to see him wedge the foot of the crutch against a bulkhead, and, propped against it, yielding to every movement of the ship, get on with his cooking like some one safe ashore. Still more strange was it to see him in the heaviest of weather cross the deck. He had a line or two rigged up to help him across the widest spaces—Long John's earrings, they were called; and he would hand himself from one place to another, now using the crutch, now trailing it alongside by the lanyard, as quickly as another man could walk. Yet some of the men who had sailed with him before expressed their pity to see him so reduced.

"He's no common man, Barbecue," said the cockswain to me. "He had good schooling in his young days, and can speak like a book when so minded; and brave—lion's nothing alongside of Long John! I see him grapple four and knock their heads together—him unarmed."

All of the crew respected and even obeyed him. He had a way of talking to each and doing everybody some particular service. To me he was unweariedly kind, and always glad to see me in the galley, which he kept as clean as a new pin; the dishes hanging up burnished and his parrot in a cage in the corner.

"Come away, Hawkins," he would say; "come and have a yarn with John. Nobody more welcome than yourself, my son. Sit you down and hear the news. Here's Cap'n Flint—I calls my parrot Cap'n Flint, after the famous buccaneer—here's Cap'n Flint predicting success to our v'yage. Wasn't you, cap'n?"

And the parrot would say, with great rapidity: "Pieces of eight! pieces of eight! pieces of eight!" till you wondered that it was not out of breath, or till John threw his handkerchief over the cage.

"Now, that bird," he would say, "is, maybe, 200 years old, Hawkins—they live forever mostly; and if anybody's seen more wickedness, it must be the devil himself. She's sailed with England—the great Capt. England, the pirate. She's been at Madagascar, and at Malabar and Surinam, and Providence, and Portobello. She was at the fishing up of the wrecked plate ships. It's there she learned 'Pieces of eight,' and little wonder: 350,000 of 'em, Hawkins! She was at the boarding of the 'Viceroy of the Indies' out of Goa, she was; and to look at her you would think she was a babby. But you smelled powder — didn't you, cap'n?"

"Stand by to go about," the parrot would scream.

"Ah, she's a handsome craft, she is," the cook would say, and give her sugar from his pocket, and then the bird would peck at the bars and swear straight on, passing belief for wickedness. "There," John would add, "you can't touch pitch and not be mucked, lad. Here's this poor old innocent bird of mine swearing blue fire, and none the wiser, you may lay to that. She would swear the same, in a manner of speaking, before the chaplain." And John would touch his forelock with a solemn way he had, that made me think he was the best of men.

In the meantime, the squire and Capt. Smollett were still on pretty distant terms with one another. The squire made no bones about the matter; he despised the captain. The captain, on his part, never spoke but when he was spoken to, and then sharp and short and dry, and not a word wasted. He owned, when driven into a corner, that he seemed to have been wrong about the crew, that some of them were as brisk as he wanted to see, and all had behaved fairly well. As for the ship, he had taken a downright fancy to her. "She'll lie a point nearer the wind than a man has a right to expect of his own married wife, sir. But," he would add, "all I say is, we're not home again, and I don't like the cruise."

The squire, at this, would turn away and march up and down the deck, chin in air.

"A trifle more of that man," he would say, "and I should explode."

We had some heavy weather which only proved the qualities of the "Hispaniola." Every man on board seemed well content, and they must have been hard to please if they had been otherwise; for it is my belief there was never a ship's company so spoiled since Noah put to sea. Double grog was going on the least excuse; there was duff on odd days, as for instance, if the squire heard it was any man's birthday; and always a barrel of apples standing broached in the waist, for anyone to help himself that had a fancy.

"Never knew good to come of it yet," the captain said to Dr. Livesey. "Spoil fok's'le hands, make devils. That's my belief."

But good did come of the apple barrel, as you shall hear; for if it had not been for that, we should have had no note of warning and might all have perished by the hand of treachery.

This is how it came about:

We had run up the trades to get the wind of the island we were after—I am not allowed to be more plain—and now we were running down for it with a bright lookout day and night. It was about the last day of our outward voyage, by the largest computation; some time that night, or, at latest, before noon of the morrow, we should sight the Treasure Island. We were heading S. S. W., and had a steady breeze abeam and a quiet sea. The "Hispaniola" rolled steadily, dipping her bowsprit now and then with a whiff of spray. All was drawing alow and aloft; every one was in the bravest spirits, because we were now so near an end of the first part of our adventure.

Now, just after sundown, when all my work was over, and I was on my way to my berth, it occurred to me that I should like an apple. I ran on deck. The watch was all forward looking out for the island. The man at the helm was watching the luff of the sail, and whistling away gently to himself; and that was the only sound excepting the swish of the sea against the bows and around the sides of the ship.

In I got bodily into the apple barrel, and found there was scarce an apple left; but, sitting down there in the dark, what with the sound of the waters and the rocking movement of the ship, I had either fallen asleep, or was on the point of doing so, when a heavy man sat down with rather a clash close by. The barrel shook as he leaned his shoulders against it, and I was just about to jump up when the man began to speak. It was Silver's voice, and, before I had heard a dozen words, I would not have shown myself for all the world, but lay there, trembling and listening, in the extreme of fear and curiosity; for from these dozen words I understood that the lives of all the honest men aboard depended upon me alone.

(to be continued)

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An Autumn Fancy.

As tender mothers watch the babes they clothe
For the first time in shortened frocks, and sigh
To see the dear, long swaddling skirts laid by,
Content to know they are outgrown, yet loath
To let their darling nurslings from their arms,
So Nature looks upon her yearling, clad,
In shorter days, and, looking, smiles half sad,
With wistful yearning at the new-found charms,
The change discovers.
"Who would e'er have dreamed
The year had been so lusty! Watch the way
It creeps apace, clad in its brief array
Of sunlit hours. And yet—and yet they seemed
So sweet, so dear, the ample hours of Spring!
No, I'm not sad, I'm just—remembering."
—Juliet M. Lippmann, in S. S. Times.

The Return of the Volunteers.

Oh! all the flags are flying,
And all the drums are beating,
The air is full of color,
And rings with happy greeting,
As the soldier boys come marching,
Through the old familiar places;
God help us, who in silence
Hide our pallid, grief-worn faces.

He knows we thank and bless Him,
For those we see returning,
And none but He can measure
The heart-break and the yearning,
For feet that went full gladly,
And lips that smiled in going.
How lonely is their slumber,
When soft sea-winds are blowing.

Our eyes are dark with sorrow,
We see the ranks but blindly;
If we cannot lift our voices
Still think upon us kindly.
None give you greater honor,
O men, by outward token,
Than we who sit in silence
That never shall be broken.
—A. E. Woodworth, in Chicago Advance.

By the Patter of His Feet.

I can tell my little boy
By the patter of his feet,
Whether in the bare old kitchen,
Or upon the village street.
I can tell the restless footfall
Just wherever it may be,
Whether with a dozen urchins,
Or with only two or three.

I know not how I know it,
That is hidden e'en from me,
So I cannot tell to others
The sweet little mystery—
Like the secret of the sunlight,
Shining on the happy earth,
Like the secret of dear childhood
Filled with artless gentle mirth.

Shall I know my precious boy
By the stepping of his feet,
After years have left their sunlight
On his fair and manly cheek?
May his footfall have the music
Of the holy days of youth,
May my boy walk forever
In the way of right and truth.
—M. A. Holt, in N. Y. Observer.

The Great Sailing Race.

We are sailing, we know not whither,
Into the great Somewhere;
And we have no charts of the dangers
That loom or are hidden there;
And some of us lag or hurry,
And some of us only worry,
And some of us never care.

We are sailing on life's broad ocean,
And each has his little bark,
And here and there is a sailor
Who steers by some steadfast mark;
And many a rudder is never
At any service whatever,
In the daylight or the dark.

We are going, we know not whither,
And some of us trim our sails
For all the changes of weather,
For calms or fair winds or gales,
And here and there is one lagging,
Whose canvas is ragged and sagging,
And he is the one who fails.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.

Just Singing.

When clouds threw shadows o'er the sky,
And all the world seemed like a sigh,
He found a ray of sunshine by
Just singing!

Not that his heart was happy—no!
But, like a river in its flow,
The music ever made it so—
Just singing!

And cheeks forgot the falling tear,
And souls in valleys dim drew near—
Crept to him in the dark to hear
That singing!

It led from grief, and gloom, and loss—
It led from seas where billows toss,
To light, illumining the cross—
That singing!

Sing! Sing! When sound the stormy knells,
When high the darkening tempest swells;
Sing! Sing! and hear the harbor-bells
Just singing!
—Atlanta Constitution.

A Morning Prayer.

Let me to-day do something that shall take
A little sadness from the world's vast store,
And may I be so favored as to make
Of joy's too scanty sum a little more.

Let me not hurt, by any selfish deed
Or thoughtless word, the heart of foe or friend;
Nor would I pass, unseeing, worthy need,
Or sin by silence where I would defend.

However meager be my worldly wealth,
Let me give something that shall aid my kind,
A word of courage, or a thought of health,
Dropped as I pass for troubled hearts to find.

Let me to-night look back across the span
'Twixt dawn and dark, and to my conscience say—
Because of some good act to beast or man—
"The world is better that I lived to-day."
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox, in Youth's Companion.

A Little Word.

She smiled upon him when they met,
He said a little word or two;
The sun in golden glory set,
She smiled upon him when they met,
That night they parted with regret;
What wondrous things a word will do!
She smiled upon him when they met,
He said a little word or two.

But he had said her hair was red—
In truth it was an auburn hue—
A gossip told! Her passion fled!
Once he had said her hair was red,
The happiness he had is dead—
Ah, what a little word will do!
Once he had said her hair was red,
In truth it was of auburn hue.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.

Sine Die.

As far as earth is from the sky,
So Love is high.
Where Alpine lakes their vigils keep
Is Love more deep.

In Nature there no boundaries are
That tell how far Love goes;
Love's measure, as each countless star,
God knows.

One only thing we know: Love comes to stay;
Though God's to give, it is not even His
To take away.
—Marian Alden, in Outlook.

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Alliance	ar	9 45	8 56	4 3[illegible]		
Canton	lv	10 15	9 27	[illegible]		
Massillon	"	10 27	9 4[illegible]	[illegible]		
Wooster	"	11 07	10 2[illegible]	[illegible]		
Mansfield	"	12 15	11 3[illegible]	7 53	†6 30	
Crestline	ar	12 45	11 59	8 25	6 55	
Crestline	lv	12 50	12 05	PM	7 05	[illegible]
Robinson	"	......	......		7 18	[illegible]
Bucyrus	"	1 10	12 27		7 33	[illegible]
Nevada	"	......	......		7 50	[illegible]
U.Sandusky	"	1 34	12 51		8 04	[illegible]
Kirby	"	......	......		8 19	[illegible]
Forest	"	......	......		8 27	[illegible]
Dunkirk	"	......	......		8 45	[illegible]
Washingt'n	"	......	......		8 50	[illegible]
Ada	"	......	1 36		9 10	[illegible]
Lafayette	"	......	......		9 25	[illegible]
Lima	"	2 37	1 59		9 50	[illegible]
Elida	"	......	......		10 03	[illegible]
Delphos	"	3 02	2 26		10 21	[illegible]
Middlepoint	"	......	......		10 32	[illegible]
Van Wert	"	3 21	2 48		10 46	[illegible]
Convoy	"	......	......		11 00	[illegible]
Dixon	"	......	......		11 11	[illegible]
Monroeville	"	......	......		11 20	[illegible]
Maples	"	......	......		11 32	[illegible]
Adams	"	......	......		11 42	[illegible]
Ft. Wayne	ar	4 10	3 40		11 55	[illegible]
Warsaw	"	[illegible]	4 50		[illegible]	PM
Plymouth	"	[illegible]	5 27		[illegible]	
Valparaiso	"	[illegible]	6 22		[illegible]	
Chicago	ar	8 45	7 45		[illegible]	
		PM	AM		PM	

Eastward.		20 AM	8 PM	6 PM	36 AM
Chicago	lv	†7 30	*3 [illegible]	*11 30	
Valparaiso	"	9 15	[illegible]	1 20	
Plymouth	"	10 32	[illegible]	2 45	
Warsaw	"	11 20	[illegible]	3 34	
Ft. Wayne	"	12 45	7 45	5 20	†8 30
Adams	"	[illegible]	......	......	6 42
Maples	"	[illegible]	......	†5 40	8 52
Monroeville	"	1 17	8 13	5 52	9 03
Dixon	"	1 25	——	†5 59	9 11
Convoy	"	[illegible]	......	6 10	9 22
Van Wert	"	1 52	8 41	6 25	9 3[illegible]
Middlepoint	"	2 06	......	6 40	9 52
Delphos	"	2 18	9 06	6 52	10 04
Elida	"	2 33	......	7 08	10 20
Lima	"	2 44	[illegible]	7 20	10 31
Lafayette	"	3 05	......	7 40	10 50
Ada	"	3 19	10 00	7 54	11 03
Washingt'n	"	†3 34	......	......	11 16
Dunkirk	"	3 40	......	8 14	11 22
Forest	"	3 54	......	8 27	11 35
Kirby	"	4 06	......	8 37	11 44
U.Sandusky	"	4 20	10 46	8 53	12 [illegible]
Nevada	"	4 36	......	9 13	12 1[illegible]
Bucyrus	"	4 5[illegible]	11 19	9 32	12 3[illegible]
Robinson	"	5 09	......	†9 46	12 47
Crestline	ar	5 25	11 4[illegible]	10 00	1 0[illegible]
Crestline	lv	5 3[illegible]	11 [illegible]	10 30	PM
Mansfield	"	6 05	12 20	10 55	
Wooster	"	7 29	1 30	12 0[illegible]	
Massillon	"	8 25	2 18	1 [illegible]	
Canton	"	8 45	2 34	[illegible]	
Alliance	ar	9 20	3 10	[illegible]	
Pittsb'gh	ar	12 45	5 50	[illegible]	
		AM	AM	PM	

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 3 and 15; Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars on Nos. 6 and 8. Nos. 6, 8 and 36 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12 00 noon to 12 00 midnight; Light faced from 12 00 midnight to 12 00 noon.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Flag Stop. §Meals.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.
5-21-99.-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

ERIE R. R.

No.	WEST.	DEPART
5	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:23 a m
3	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
1	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
21	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m
8	Wells-Fargo lim'd express, daily except Monday	4:59 p m
	EAST.	
8	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
2	Express, daily except Sunday	8:24 p m
12	Express, daily for New York	3:41 a m
32	Local freight daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m

C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect June 25 1899, at 4:45 o'clock

No.	NORTH.	
12	arrives daily	1:50 a m
14	arrives " except Sunday	5:55 a m
2	arrives " except Sunday	8:15 a m
6	leaves "	11:57 a m
4	arrives " except Sunday	4:35 p m
10	arrives "	9:00 p m
68	" Sunday only	9:55 a m
60	Sunday only	7:40 a m
No.	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2:05 a m
11	leaves " except Sunday	6:45 a m
1	leaves " except Sunday	9:20 a m
5	leaves "	12:41 p m
3	leaves "	4:09 p m
13	arrives "	7:45 p m
65	Sunday only, leaves	7:30 p m

L. E. & W.

East—Leave daily 7:30 p. m. Leave daily except Sunday, 6:00 a. m. and 1:45 p. m. West—Leave daily 9:50 a. m. Daily except Sunday 2:40 a. m. Sandusky accommodation arrives at :00 p. m.

D. & L. N R. R.

No.	SOUTH BOUND.
1	Arrives 1:15 p m, Daily except Sunday
3	Arrives 10:00 p m Daily
No.	NORTH BOUND.
2	Departs 6:00 a m Daily
4	Departs 8:00 p m Daily except Sunday.

APHETA

The DANGERS of the dental chair has been REMOVED. APHETA method extracts teeth without pain and the DANGEROUS effects of COCAINE, gas or VITALIZED AIR. Call and investigate at

R. F. Bennett,
135 1-2 N. Main St. DENTIST

H. G. BRADSHAW,
Physician and Surgeon.
Gives special attention to Gynecology, Obstetrics and Electro Therapeutics.
Over Harmon Drug Store.
Both 'Phones. New 108. Old 60

Constant Coughing

Constant coughing is not only very annoying, but the continuous hacking and irritation will soon attack and injure the delicate lining of the throat and air passages. A simple cough is bad enough; but a chronic cough is really dangerous. Take advice and use the celebrated Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once and be cured.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

HOOP-HOOP

Hoora for Hanna Day

Big Boss of the G. O. P. Arrives Safely Here.

Music Hall will be the Scene of The Imperialist Club Meeting.

Politics of All Kinds, Any kind, Take Your Pick, and then Decide For Yourself.

It's a great day for the heelers. Boys, pin out the Nash buttons today, and you're "it." Be good, Forakerites, and you'll get a cigar. Brace up, ye of little faith and help swell the crowd in Music hall this evening, and the gracious Marcissus will remember you—maybe—when he makes his allotment of offices, at the next general whack-up. Laying all impossibilities aside, however, this is Hanna day. The big political boss is in town and the weak kneed are slowly but surely bending at the shrine. Even the Campbells cast admiring gazes on Mark, and wee Bertie shook his paw. The speech tonight for the benefit of the imperialistic league, will be free of all cost. Admission to Music hall costs you not a son, and seats have been provided for as many as will desire to hear the addresses. With the boss of 'em all comes Congressman Dalzell. Both men will deliver addresses filled with thought, and you should not miss these.

At the Train.

The weather was chilly about the Ohio Southern station at about eleven o'clock this morning when Senator Hanna arrived. The snow was falling and the reception was anything but an enthusiastic one. The band, Professor Dana's organization, was playing a lively air, when the train steamed in. Senator Hanna was about the last to leave the coach and as he stepped upon the platform, Colonel Boone made a desperate effort to inject some enthusiasm into the crowd composed of not over fifty people by cheering Marcissus. The crowd did not take it up and after grasping the hand of the Senator the reception committee led the way to carriages in waiting and the honored visitor was taken to the Lima House. Postmaster Hall and Charles Rumbaugh met the Senator at Springfield.

Jones Also Here.

Mayor Jones was also in the city a short time to day. He arrived over the C H & D at 11:55 o'clock, and was met at the station by a delegation from the Jones club.

He delivered a short address to the men of the L E & W and the Car shops, at the C & E depot and was then taken to the C H & D shops where he met as many of the men as the short time permitted.

From the C H & D he was taken to the Lima Locomotive and Machine Works, here he passed through and spoke to each of the men, he then proceeded to the Sinclair and Morrison shops and Golley and Finley shops.

Mayor Jones left at 2:44 over the P F for Kenton where he speaks tonight. He will deliver a short address at Dunkirk where he changes for Kenton.

Jones Leads.

A straw vote was taken in the blocks on the west side of Main street, between High street and the square yesterday, and the following is the result: Jones 29, Nash 25 and McLean 12. The vote was counted at Melville's and everything was fair and square. In these blocks are professional men, business men and clerks. Now if it is going this way among the business and professional men and the clerks, what is going to happen in the ranks of the laboring men.

The Vote is On.

This morning at Sullivan's saloon, on south Main street, three boxes were placed upon the counter, one for Jones, one for McLean and the other for Nash. Each visitor will be requested during the day and evening to drop a ball in the box with the name of the man of his choice thereon. The balls will be counted tonight at eleven o'clock and the result will be given in the NEWS tomorrow.

SHAWNEE COMMANDERY

Will Assist This Evening in an Installation At Kenton.

The Kenton Commandery, Knights Templar, will be installed at that place tonight. Shawnee Commandery of this city, assisting in the installation. The members of the local commandery left for Kenton this afternoon. John Bell, Recorder, Rev J M Mills, Grand Prelate and a number of other Grand Commandery officials will be present.

THE SINGER

Office and salesroom is now located at 215 south Main street, three doors north of their former location, where they will be pleased to see all their old friends and all those that are contemplating buying the most reliable sewing machine made. Supplies for the Singer always on hand and needles for all machines. Ladies are requested to call and see the new art work now on display and a Singer sewing machine run by electricity

The Elk will receive the returns from the Jeffries-Sharkey fight tomorrow night.

HARD FALL.

One of the NEWS' Carrier Boys Thrown From His Wheel Last Night.

Clarence Fuller, one of the NEWS' carrier boys, while delivering the paper last night was thrown headfirst from his wheel by the breaking of the front axle. His face was frightfully lacerated and bruised. Owing to this accident, the NEWS readers in the northwestern part of the city will probably receive their paper a little late this evening.

Largest and best cake of Laundry Soap for 5c possible to buy, you can get at the Lima Tea Co.

Returns pertaining to the Jeffries and Sharkey fight will be received at Heisel & O'Brien's, 214 east Market street, Friday evening. Nov. 3. 1-t2

COLD WAVE.

East Bound Trains are Covered with Snow—First of the Year.

The first real cold wave of the year arrived early this morning and the first snow fall was witnessed in this city. Incoming trains from the west on the C & E and P F W & C road, this morning were covered with snow.

FANCY PRICES IN CHINA.

In hunting for Christmas presents this year please do not miss looking over the stock at the Lima Tea Co. You will find us strickly "in it" and "loaded for bear." 2t

Frankel Bros will receive by special wire the Jeffries-Sharkey fight to-morrow night-

C V Callaban, who has been studying for the ministry, at the School of the Evangelizts in Tenn., is calling on his mother and old friends here for a few days.

When its from Watson's its right at the right price.

Mrs I Hoover, of 420 south Pine street, who has been visiting at Mt. Veron, the past month has returned home not much improved in health.

CENTRAL OHIO TEACHERS ASSOCIATION.

Dayton, O., Nov. 3 & 4 For the above meeting the C H & D Ry. will sell round trip tickets at excursion rates on Nov. 3 & 4 limited to Nov. 5 for return. Call on your C H & D Agent for full particulars.

That deal is still going on, Watson's Morning Glory Coffee.

RAILROADS

They Are Joyful

Big Four Brakemen Receive An Advance.

Train Wreckers Make a Second Attempt to Ditch

A Lake Erie and Westren Train—Ties Placed Across the Track—Other News.

Tipton, Ind., Nov. 2.—Two farm lads, walking home after night along the L E & W railway tracks, discovered a quantity of ties piled across the rails. They were about to remove them, when a voice warned them. The lads fled back to the city and notified the police, and a posse ran to the obstructed spot in time to prevent an accident. Recently a rail was removed from the track near Hobbs.

Edward Gastinger, detective on the P F W & C road, was married at Ada last Monday to Mrs S E Lauer.

A Railroad Man.

W L Wright, who died yesterday at the Infirmary, was for a long time engaged in the railroad business, having been employed on the D & L N. His home is not known.

Left For His Home.

Engineer Foley, of the C & E, who several weeks ago had his leg amputated at the Lima hospital, as the result of an accident, was yesterday removed to his home in Huntington, Indiana, being accompanied by his wife, who has been with him since the accident.

Big Four Brakemen Increased.

Brakemen on the Big Four lines are joyful over an increase in their wages. Their pay has been increased from $1 90 to $1 95 on each 100 miles. The brakemen feel that eventually they will get the scale that was in force prior to the panic of 1893, which brought about reductions all along the line.

Electric Headlights.

Once more electricity has taken the place of other illuminants. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad has just commenced to equip locomotives with electric headlights. The famous Fast Mail and the Denver Limited travel at such a high rate of speed that a stronger light than the old style has been found necessary to safety.

The Pennsy's Dividend.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1—At a special meeting today of the directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad a semi-annual dividend of 2 1-2 per cent was declared.

Unknown Man Killed.

Late last night the body of an unknown man, cut to pieces was found along the C H & D tracks, near South Cumminsville. It is not known what time the man was killed, but from the position of the body it is thought an outgoing switch engine struck him. The body is at the Morgue at Cincinnati.

Yard Engine Blown Up.

PLAINESVILLE, O., Nov. 2—A Pittsburgh and western yard engine blew up in the yards here Wednesday night while in motion. The engineer escaped uninjured, but Fireman Elmer Frederick, Conductor Dave Bradley and Brakeman Ed Gallagher, who were on the engine, were badly scalded. Frederick injuries may prove fatal.

B & O Conductors Are Nervous.

Conductors in the employ of the B & O are apprehensive of losing their positions. A number have been suspended pending an investigation, and it is rumored that spotters are at work on the road's various divisions. An official of the B & O S W yesterday gave it as his opinion that none of the conductors on that road are being disturbed. All of the suspended B & O conductors have been notified to appear before the division superintendent of the division to which they belong. The last big shake-up of B & O conductors occurred something like ten years ago.

BARGAINS . . .

That Will Serve as an Impetus to November Business.

Children's black wool Hose, all sizes, for this sale	15c
Boys' and Girls' ribbed cotton Hose, better than any 25c ones you have seen, for this sale	19c
Ladies' fast black ribbed fleeced Hose, for this sale	12c
Ladies' heavy fleeced Hose, with rib top, far this sale	16c
Ladies' fast black, ribbed top, seamless cotton Hose, for this sale	11c
Mgn's fancy wool Sox, best 25c ones, for this sale	10c
Men's fast black fleeced Sox, splendid goods, for this sale	11c
Men's seamless fancy cotton Sox, our best 15c ones, for this sale	11c
The new black Ruch Boas, all the rage now, $1.25 value, for this sale	79c
Neck Novelties, a vareity of fancy effects in black and colors, values up to $2.00, for this sale	$1.25
Two-clasp Kid Gloves in all the popular shades, such Gloves as most stores get $1 for, our price	75c
A little lot of the best 3-clasp Kid Gloves in fancy shapes, also best Suede Monsquetaires, values up to $2, to close at	1.00
Ladies' fancy embroidered Handkerchiefs, the biggest values ever offered at	10c
Ladies' fancy embroidered and lace edge Handkerchiefs, a variety of about fifty styles, many of them pure linen, and others exceptionally nice, Swiss goods, never before equaled for the price	15c
Ladies' black serge Dress Skirts, excellently finished, special price	$2.98
Ladies' black lustre Skirts, the newest cut, the latest back, open on side, four dollars would be cheap for them, our special price	2.98
Electric Seal Collarettes with imitation Marten tails, cut extra full, satin lining, also same style with Astrakhan yoke	4.50
Superior grade Electric Seal Collarettes with tails, fine satin lining,	6.50
Electric Seal Scarfs with 8 tails, a very pretty quality, special value	2.98
Splendid Imitation Marten Scarfs, with 2 heads and 8 tails	3.98
Ladies' ecru fleeced Vests and Pants, better than many so-called specials at 25c, our price for this sale	19c
Ladies' ecru heavy fleeced Union Suits, 75c value	50c
Ladies' fine wool Union Suits in black, natural or white, $3 value	$1.98
Ladies' black wool Equestrain Tights, $1.50 quality,	1.19
Ladies' black wool Tights, (small sizes only,) $1 goods	69c
Boys' grey ribbed Shirts and Draweres, regularly 39c each	25c
Boys' extra fleeced ecru ribbed Shirts and Drawers, 50c grade, each	39c
Child's wool Union Suits, all sizes, $1.25 and $1.50 value	98c
Ladies' Mercerized Italian Cloth Petticoats, in pretty colorings, $2.50 ones,	1.98
Colored Mercerized Italian Cloth Skirts, $3 ones now $2.25; $3.50 ones now	2.69
15 and 18 inch all linen stamped Doilies, 15c and 20c goods, for this sale	9c
21 and 24 inch drawn and hemstitched Center pieces, 25c and 35c ones	15c
15 and 20 inch drawn and stamped hemstitched linen pieces, 50 and 65c ones	38c
24 inch drawn and stamped hemstitched linen pieces, 75c and 90c ones	50c
18 inch unstamped hemstitched and drawn center pieces, extra special	25c
Children's Napoleon fancy cloth caps, a variety of colorings	39c
Choice Taffeta Silks, a large collection of colorings, most stores get $1 for them, our price per yard	75c

Feldmann & Co

209-211 North Main Street.

Mercerized Sateen Waists!

The process of mercerizing cotton while not new, is coming into general use because of the many advantages to cloths so treated: by this process cloth is made stronger, it's shrunken and given a finer texture, will take and retain a dye better, will take a lustre like silk, and the lustre is imported by washing.

We have a Mercerized Sateen Waist of excellent quality, front is covered with rows of diagonal tucking, has the French back with narrow plaits, prettily tucked ruffle finished sleeve; high collar prettily stitched,

Price, $3.50.

G. E. Bluem,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, NOV. 6th.

The Eminent Comedian,

Sol Smith Russell.

AS NOAH VALE IN

A POOR RELATION.

Prices—1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25. Sale of seats will begin at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon at box office.

OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, Nov. 4th.

Matinee and Night.

Ed. Francis' splendid Production of

10 NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.

Produced with a complete cast and all necessary accessories.

POPULAR PRICES.

Matinee—10c and 20c. Night 10c, 20c and 50c.

The News is the only paper giving a non-partisan view of politics. Four weeks 25c. Send in your name.

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